



PERSONAL NOTES

Arrivals and Departures of Residents and Visitors

IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

The Column Everybody Reads—Chat About Your Friends and Neighbors—Here and There.

Miss Ruth Gibson left on Tuesday for Goucher College, Baltimore Md. Solomon Miller of Hyndman was in Bedford last Saturday.

M. H. Kramer of Hyndman transacted business in Bedford Tuesday.

Rev. John A. Birger, Reformed Minister at Osterburg was in Bedford on business on Wednesday.

Rev. A. B. Wentz and W. A. Butts of Lobsburg were in Bedford on Wednesday.

John Rice of Clearville Rt. 2 paid us a visit while in Bedford on Tuesday.

George S. Kagarise, candidate for Associate Judge was in Bedford, Tuesday.

R. Peyton Turner, candidate for Prothonotary was in Bedford Wednesday.

H. B. Laher, of Everett and Van Thomas of Hopewell were in Bedford Wednesday.

The Democratic candidates met last Friday in Chairman Claar's office and got acquainted with each other. Joseph P. Imler is a candidate for the office of County Treasurer on an independent ticket.

Miss Elizabeth Thompson left on Tuesday for Baltimore where she will enter Goucher College.

Rev. and Mrs. F. W. Biddle are visiting at the home of Miss Lizzie Bain on South Juliana street.

Jasper Luman Democratic Candidate for Register and Recorder was in Bedford on Wednesday.

G. D. F. Koontz tax collector Colerain is raising an extra tax for the improvement of its roads.

Miss Lizzie Barkman, daughter of Joseph Barkman, underwent an operation at the Western Maryland hospital on Monday.

The Irvin Male Quartet will give a concert at Messiah Church in Bedford township on Saturday evening at eight o'clock.

George A. Diehl and little grandson Milo Franklin Turner of New Buena Vista were in Bedford last Saturday.

Messrs John Shipway, Michael Smith, and Ephraim Smith of Mann Township were in Bedford on business Tuesday.

An aeroplane is at the fair this year. The weather permits he will fly twice a day, in the forenoon and afternoon. Come out today or tomorrow to see the flights.

The Lancaster County independents are putting up a ticket this fall. Their party name will be Citizens Progressive Party. They are confident of putting the old gang to the wall this fall.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Suter of Wolfburg, Rt. 1 and Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Bowser of this place made a very pleasant trip to Altoona and Lakemont Park last Sunday. They made the trip in Mr. Suter's car.

Marriage licenses were issued in Cumberland on Monday to the following persons: William C. Rickabaugh of Robertsdale, Pa., and Eva E. Reed, of Saxton, Pa.; Russell B. Helsel of Queen, Pa., and Minnie Musselman of Keeler, Pa.

The Martinsburg Herald has this to say about Irvin M. Ebersole, candidate for Treasurer of Bedford County: "Irvin M. Ebersole should be elected as he is a fine man, well educated, a grand penman, full of push, has a family of little children to support and only one arm. Who can refuse to vote for him?"

LEAGUE SUPPORTER WINS

Early indications on Tuesday night were that L. S. Rainey, Democrat was elected in the Congressional election today in the Seventh district over C. B. Kennamer, Republican, to succeed the late representative John L. Burnett. Indications were that Rainey had carried every county in the district. Nineteen precincts in Etowah gave Rainey a majority of 1023.

The League of Nations covenant was one of the leading issues in the election. Rainey favoring the League and Kennamer opposing it as drafted.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PLAN COMPLETED

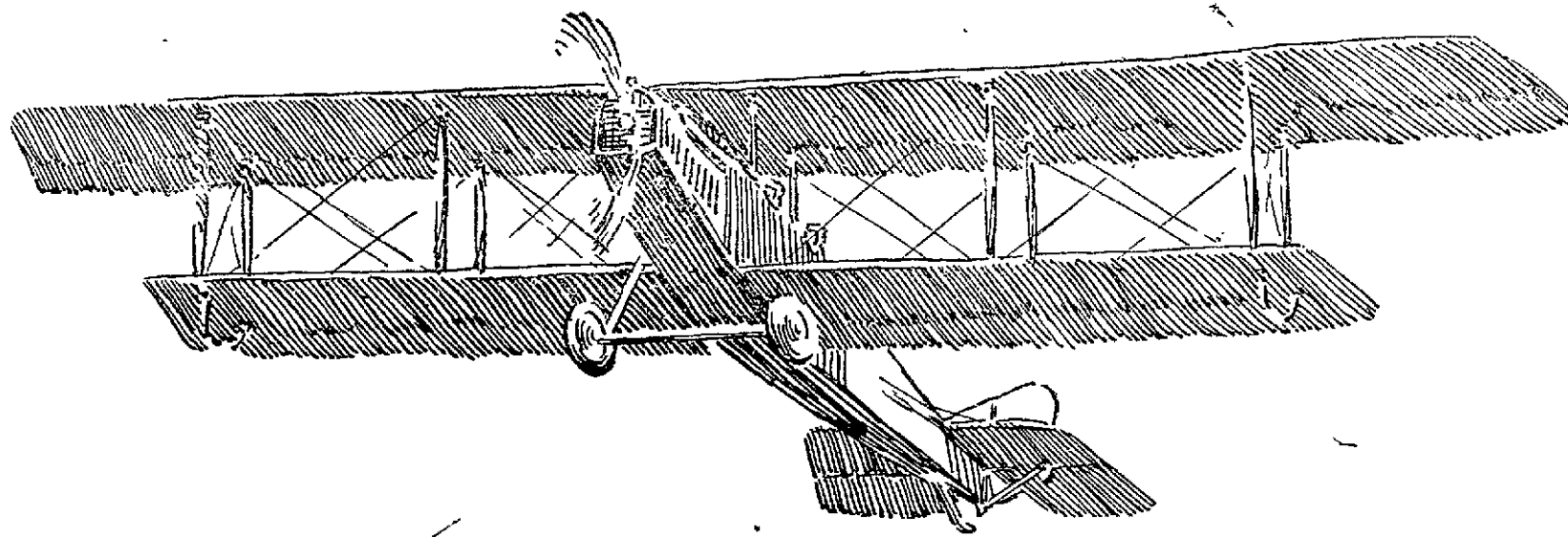
The Sunday School Workers throughout the County will be glad to know that the County Organization has nearly completed its various programs for the County Tour that will begin Monday, October 13th.

Several men of wide experience from outside the county have been secured who will be with us at certain points. Prof. Koontz's Ladies Orchestra will give us several dates during the two weeks and for such times as they cannot be present, a special musical director and special music have been secured.

This Tour is going to be one of the best of its kind ever made in Bedford County and each district and each school will want to have six or more representatives present both afternoon and evening.

Remember if you vote for Bradley and Layton for County Commissioners you vote for the most extravagant commissioners Bedford County has had for years.

AEROPLANE AT THE FAIR



A Social Event

Last Monday evening was the scene of a social event when Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Diehl of near Bedford entertained a number of their friends.

The evening was very pleasantly spent in playing games, after which delicious refreshments were served. At a late hour all returned to their homes having reported an enjoyable evening.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Diehl; Mr. and Mrs. Conda Casteel; Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Koontz; Mr. and Mrs. Ira Casteel; Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Koontz; and Misses Hattie Mabel, Mildred, Ada and Irma Diehl Ruth and Nelle Mannoock, Mary Snively, Kathryn Sammel, Elsie Clear, Lena Anderson, Mary Stayer, Edna Koontz and Daisy Trail.

Messrs. Fred and Samuel Shoemaker, Brady Diehl, Roy Allen, Charles Hammond, Henry Shaffer, Roy Casteel, Anthony Sammel, Clarence Stayer, Emory, Clarence, Ray and Charles Claar Isaac Diehl, Dale Diehl, Clyde and Joe Dibert.

PRETTY HOME WEDDING

A pretty home wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Blough on Sunday at high noon according to announcement.

The house was handsomely decorated. Promptly at the noon hour Miss Elizabeth King played the wedding march while Mr. Albert C. Blough and Miss Mary B. King marched beneath the arch accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. H. L. King as groom and maid of honor. The beautiful ring ceremony was then performed by Rev. R. R. Thorgate, pastor of the English Seventh Day Baptist church.

A sumptuous feast was then enjoyed. Many valuable and useful presents were received. The young couple have the best wishes of their many friends. Following are the names present of the invited guests:

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Blough; Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd King; Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Blough; Mr. and Mrs. F. R. King; Mr. and Mrs. C. L. King; Edna King, Elizabeth King, Mrs. Mary Berkheimer, Mrs. Leanna Blough, Josephine King, Beulah King, Christ King, Robert King, Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Fyock, Rev. R. R. Thorgate, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Detwiler, Mrs. H. L. Ebersole, Fred King, Mabel and Hazel Detwiler, Mr. and Mrs. Alvy Kagarise, Ardwin, Mary and Russell Kagarise; Harriet and Geraldine Ebersole; Mrs. Kathryn Bridenthal; Mr. and Mrs. George Hoover and son Gernon; Mr. and Mrs. Otto Blough; Blair, Norris and France Blough; Florence Ebersole, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Oster and daughter Nellie; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Growden; Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Kagarise; Mr. and Mrs. Chalice Kagarise and son Kenneth; Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Berkheimer; Minnie Reighard, Vera Replege; Geraldine Thorgate, Mabel Imler, Dorothy Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fyock; Harold and Ruth Fyock; Mr. George Snyder, Sherman Kagarise; Mr. Claire Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Charley Replege and daughters Lois and Sarah, Stanley Ritter, Bruce Thorgate, Truster Reighard, Mr. and Mrs. Palmer Berkheimer; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Walter; Mrs. Regina Miller, Mrs. Iva Imler, Leah Walters, Ruth Ebersole, Huldah Wolfe, Ord Kagarise and Julia Thorgate.

STUFFET — HEITZEL

A very pretty marriage was solemnized at the Reformed parsonage Bedford on Thursday September 25, when, using the beautiful ring ceremony of the Reformed church Rev. J. Albert Eyer united in marriage Mr. Russell E. Stuft of Alum Bank and Miss Sadie Heitzel of near Cessna. Mr. Stuft valiantly served his country in the late war, having gone out from Bedford with Co. L. His many friends congratulate him upon his safe return and express the belief that his record as a husband will be as good as was his record as a soldier.

The estimated strength of the Army on September 9th, was only 461,979. The War Department announced that 3,319,330 officers and men have been demobilized since the signing of the armistice.

Senatorial Extravagances

In their opposition to the League of Nations certain Republican Senators seem to have specialized their attacks so as to run the gamut of all the racial, sectional and personal prejudices that could be fomented against their allies. One of them represents England as the author and chief beneficiary of the League. Another pictures Japan as the father of plots against the white peoples. A third denounces the harshness of the terms imposed on Germany. A fourth plays upon the single chord of Americanism which he says is threatened by provisions of the covenant. Still another alleges that a particular ecclesiastical control is the purpose of the League.

If anyone of these statements were true—and they are all pure assertions—the others could not fail to be false. It would be absurd, for example, to imagine England or France, with their colonies in Asia and Africa, assisting or permitting Japan to make a League a vast coalition of dark races against Caucasians. It is no less ridiculous to suppose that any nation, whatever the religious persuasion of its people, would be willing to surrender its secular affairs to an ecclesiastical overlord. Even more grotesque is the hypothesis that President Wilson and Henry White, one a Democrat and one a Republican, but both Americans, have planned or sanctioned the diminution of American power and prestige in the League of Nations.

It is bad enough that these hostile Senators should have recourse to silly and unjust arguments. It is regrettable that they should ignore consistency among themselves in this campaign of reckless misstatement. It is incomparably worse that by innuendo, if not by direct charges, they represent the head of the nation and his sworn advisers as betraying the honor, the interests and the very safety of the country in behalf of foreign governments, white, black or brown.

Former Bedford County Woman Married Prominent Indiana Clergyman

At the bride's home Orville, Ohio Thursday morning, September 18th Mrs. Ruth McClintic was united in marriage to the Rev. David H. Crouse, pastor of Zion Lutheran Church, Butler, Indiana. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Allen Becker of Wooster, assisted by Rev. Hadley of Fort Wayne Ind. Many of the bride's friends from her home town were present and those from a distance were: Rev. H. C. Hadley, Fort Wayne, Ind. Jacob Zeigler and wife and F. D. Brown and wife Montpelier, Ohio. D. P. Heibe and wife, Ohio City, Ohio; G. H. McClintic and Mrs. Alice Morgart, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Mrs. Crouse is a sister of Joseph William and Frederick Smith, prominent farmers of Cumberland Valley and was the widow of Rev. H. McClintic, for fifteen years pastor of the Lutheran Church at Rainsburg, this county and later pastor of the Orville Ohio congregation; his death occurring at the latter point some five years ago.

The people of Butler are to be congratulated that their pastor has secured such a helpmate to assist him in his noble work, and Mrs. Crouse's many Bedford County friends wish her much joy and happiness.

FAREWELL PARTY

One hundred and six of the friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. George C. Claycomb gathered at their home near Oppenheimer on Friday evening September twenty sixth and completely surprised them.

Mr. and Mrs. Claycomb having sold their home and purchased that of Reese Smith at Cessna, expect to move there in the near future and their friends took this opportunity of showing the high esteem and respect in which they are held after residing in this community for more than twenty six years. This act in turn was greatly appreciated by the family. The evening was spent in social conversation, music and dancing, music for which was furnished by an orchestra, consisting of Messrs. Harvey and Calvin Imler, John Fetter and William Claycomb and Mrs. Warren Crisman accompanist on the piano.

At midnight a delicious luncheon was served after which all departed to their homes, having thoroughly enjoyed the generous hospitality for which this family has always been noted.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. George C. Claycomb; Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Reighard; Mr. and Mrs. Christian Triplett; Mr. and Mrs. George McGregor; Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Zimmers; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crisman; Mr. and Mrs. Warren Crisman; Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Whetstone; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Wagoner; Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Smith; Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Imler; Mr. and Mrs. Albert Smith.

Misses, Lela and Catherine Claycomb; Tena and Mabel Fetter; Jessie Marian, Bessie, Aldine and Pauline Holderbaum; Margaret Mary and Virginia Crisman; Marie and Regina Fickes; Vergie Beam; Marie Campbell; Arra Herschberger; Marguerite Philip; Carrie Oster; Catherine Morehead; Ella and Mary Zimmers; Vera and Freda McGregor; Etta, Hilda, and Ruth Imler; Louise Stayer; Irene Prosser; Clara, Dorothy and Madeline Smith;

Mrs. Edward Prosser; Mrs. Herman Dively; Mrs. Henry B. Fetter; Mrs. George Motto; Mrs. Harry Crisman; Mrs. Carrie Helderbaum; Mrs. Adam Imler; Mrs. William Oster.

Messrs. William, Elmer, Earl, Alvie and Chester Claycomb; John and David Fetter, Blair Crisman; Gerald Fickes; Bruce Ross and Thomas Holderbaum; Fred and David Zimmers; Lewis Geisler; Irvin Beam; Curtis Beam Stonaker; Irvin Beam; Curtis Reighard; Herbert Oppenheimer; Heyden Kensingers; Paul Wagoner; Harvey, Calvin, Lester, Robert, Glen and Paul Imler; Daniel Herschberger; Russell Miller; Esny Reighard; Harper, Homer and Roy Dively, Calvin, Raymond, Fred, Norman, Austin, Roscoe, Alfred and Lester Smith.

President Signs Bill Incorporating American Legion.

President Wilson signed the act which was recently passed by Congress incorporating the American Legion, an organization of veterans of the world war.

Pershing and Rest Lay Aside Sam Brown Belts

The Sam Brown belts which have been sported by General Pershing and his staff since their arrival in the United States must be laid aside—for a time at least.

In announcing that there would be a reception for Pershing in the office of Secretary of War Baker, the War Department ruled that no belts or side arms would be worn at the function.

The wearing of the overseas Sam Brown belts in this country is against the regulations of the War Department and it is thought probable that the ruling in connection with the reception was an indirect but polite way of relieving General Pershing and his staff of these belts.

The House conferees agreed to the amendment of the Senate to the prohibition enforcement bill which would permit the making of light wines and cider for home consumption.

After reading all the Republican charges against the War Department it would appear that its greater offense in the eyes of the G. O. P. was the winning of the war before a Republican Congress came on deck to tell how the victory should be achieved.

TRIBUTE TO PERSHING

An appreciation of General Pershing in the latest issue of the New Republic is one in which all his countrymen and the people of the allied nations may heartily concur. In this editorial under the caption, "Pershing the New Republic says:

"One of the men who was closest to Pershing throughout the war remarked recently that a republic had always to be afraid of being conquered by its conquering army, but that in Pershing, happily, the nation had found a soldier who wished only to be a soldier. His record in France is testimony to the truth in it. His instinct as to what was the true role of an American Commander, whether relation to his political chiefs, or to the French people, or the beaten enemy, was superb. He organized and commanded the A. E. F., cooperated with the Allies but maintained a useful independence, and acted with sincere understanding of the fact that soldier executes but does not make high policy. He neither bragged nor truckled, and though he had to endure a fair amount of intrigue and jealousy, he emerges unimpaired and impressive. He commanded not only well but in fine spirit. In all history there has probably never been a cleaner army, a more single-minded army, a less factional army, or commanding its previous preparations, a more effective army. He did not alone make it what it was, to be sure, but because of him it was possible to make it what it was. The spirit which prevails at the top radiates through the whole military hierarchy. Judged by the results, and they alone count here, Pershing has proved himself fully competent for one of the most delicate commands ever entrusted to an American general. He succeeds in every essential part of his huge task.

It does not matter whether he originated or accepted the underlying policies on which the A. E. F. was organized. The policies finally adopted proved to be sound. The organization was conceived, as it ought to have been, on a larger scale than the occasion required. It was an organization that through all its infinite ramifications produced an ever-increasing and finally overwhelming supply of battle troops. The possibilities of fatal error were great. In all big matters they were avoided. Only an extraordinary grasp of what was important and a superb imagination can account for so successful a discrimination in the helter skelter of advice which was thrust upon him. There were to be sure minor failures at many points. Examination of them will show, we imagine, that they were due to one of two things—to a lack of intellectual preparation by the General Staff before America entered the war, and to a vice, really the defects of a virtue, prevalent in all classes of Americans which makes them preter ingenuity to experience. Time was probably lost in experimentation which should either have taken place during the period of neutrality or been omitted altogether. One gathers a very definite impression that somehow the experience of the Allies was not digested soon enough, and this was costly in time and therefore in lives. None of this bears on Pershing who throughout has been a general in the field, except to bring into still stronger relief the high ability which he displayed. Through him the American part in the war was brought to its focus on the western front.

"On him the exultation is now focussed. Meant not only for Pershing but for a multitude of whom he is not only a most engaging representative, but in every sense a leader. It should extend to Baker who picked him and sustained him and helped to temper him, to the fierce energies of March, to the finely dependable Bliss, to the responsible and ingenious Crowder. That it extends to the combat troops above all others needs hardly to be said."

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ORPHANED LAMBS AND PIGS

Patience, Care and Good Nursing Have Brought to Maturity Many Unfortunate Animals.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture)

Many weak "orphan" lambs and pigs, requiring too much care for the average farmer or ranchman to bother with, are salvaged by the boys and girls belonging to the clubs organized by the United States department of agriculture and the state colleges. Patience, care and good nursing by a



A Club Boy and His Three Orphans.

youngster have brought to maturity animals which otherwise would not have survived infancy. As a result, the meat supply is increased and the boy or girl is enabled to earn money. The father of a little girl in Anson county, N. C., who was very anxious to join a pig club, repeatedly refused to give her a pig. One of his pigs did not do well last year and he tried to sell the "runt" for \$1, but could not find a buyer. His wife persuaded him to give the friendless pig to the little girl. Care and careful feeding brought it to maturity. After a while the club member's herd was increased to six. The little girl traded the best two of the litter to her father for sole possession of the mother hog, and sold the other three for \$15. Having now acquired a membership in the pig club, she plans to continue in the work.

Edinburgh Landmark Gone.

An interesting bit of old Edinburgh dating back about 1600, has been burned. The destroyed building, which consisted of a single story and attic, was one of the landmarks of the Holyrood area. It was the old Yew Tree tavern and stood inside the bounds of the Holyrood sanctuary for debtors, within which, in days of yore, the fugitive was free from the attentions of his creditors.

EAGLE "MIKADO" PENCIL No. 174

Regular Length, 7 inches

Made in five grades

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Now made to be the Finest Pencil made for general use.

THE PENCIL COMPANY, NEW YORK

Don't light the furnace, then open the windows

Of course you must have warmth on cool autumn days.

But that's no reason for lighting the furnace in the morning and then opening the windows at noon to let the surplus heat out.

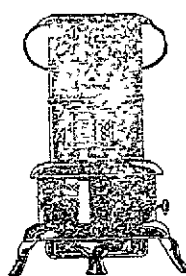
PERFECTION OIL HEATERS

A Perfection Oil Heater bridges the heating gaps between summer and winter. Its radiant heat quickly warms a room and you can carry it to any part of the house.

It will save a full month's supply of coal during the fall and help reduce the winter's fuel bill as well.

Smokeless, odorless and absolutely safe. You can't turn the wick too high.

Your dealer will gladly show you the various models. Don't be satisfied with any heating device less efficient, less convenient or less economical than a Perfection Oil Heater.



THE best oil for your Perfection Oil Heater is Atlantic Rayolight. One gallon burns for ten hours. Best for Rayo Lamps too. Costs no more than ordinary kerosene.

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ATLANTIC
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Women Senators of Old.

Rome, as early as the year 218 A. D., recognized a senate of women. This senate, though, differed from most others by confining its considerations and its discussions to matters of etiquette and dress. The assembly had the approbation of Elagabalus and held its meetings in the Quirinal. Cruelty, extravagance and vice were the outstanding characteristics of the reign of Elagabalus. Hence, the necessity of having conferences of the sort.

Worth More Than That Now.

On June 20, in 1632, the patent of Maryland, granted to George Calvert, Lord Baltimore, was, after his death made over to his son, Cecilius Calvert. King Charles signed the new patent and gave to the grant of land the name of Maryland, in honor of his queen, Henrietta Maria. While Lord Baltimore held the grant he paid for it yearly to the crown of England two Indian arrows, which are still on exhibition at Windsor castle, England.

WILSON INVADERS HOUSE OF FOES

CARRIES HIS BATTLE FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS INTO HOME OF HIS ENEMIES.

GIVES COST OF GREAT WAR

Informers Them of Lives and Treasure Poured Out to Save Civilization.

(By Mt. Clemens News Bureau)

Aboard President Wilson's Special train—Carrying his war against those who oppose the adoption by the United States of the peace treaty and the covenant of the League of Nations into their households, President Wilson last week invaded California.

And there, where the question on which league opponents have hammered the hardest, that of Shan Tung—is of most interest, the president found the same enthusiasm among the people for peace and for insurance against future wars. The people want the long controversy ended. They want this country to be able to again turn its undivided attention to social, economic and industrial development. Their leaders may not feel this way, but judging from the expressions which met the president on every side. The leaders have overstepped the limits of the peoples patience in their stubborn determination to force a change in the great document.

Must Take This League.

"We must take this League of Nations," said the president, "for there is no way in which another can be obtained without compelling reconsideration by the powers. And it would sit very ill upon my stomach to take it back to Germany for consideration."

"All over the world people are looking to us with confidence our rivals along with the weaker nations. I pray God that the gentlemen who are delaying this thing may presently see it in a different light."

Germany, the president declared, is taking new courage from our delay in ratifying the treaty and her newspapers and public men were again becoming arrogantly outspoken.

Deeply impressive were the figures of the cost of the late war, in lives and dollars. It was the first time that the official statistics have been made public and the tremendous totals shocked the president's audiences.

Shows Cost of World War.

"The war," said President Wilson, cost Great Britain and her Dominions \$38,000,000,000; France \$26,000,000,000; the United States \$22,000,000,000; Russia \$18,000,000,000; Italy \$15,000,000,000 and a total, including the expenditures of Japan, Belgium and other small countries, of \$128,000,000,000.

"It cost the Central Powers as follows: Germany \$39,000,000,000; Austria-Hungary, \$21,000,000,000; Turkey and Bulgaria \$8,000,000,000.

"The United States," the president said, "spent one million dollars an hour night and day for two years in its struggle to save civilization. All this, however, fades into insignificance when the deaths by battle are considered," declared the president. Russia gave 1,700,000 men; Germany 1,600,000; France 1,380,000; Great Britain 900,000; Italy 364,000; the United States 50,300. In all, almost 7,500,000 men perished in the great struggle, or 1,500,000 more men than died in all of the wars of the previous 100 years.

Should Remember Recent Horrors.

"These are terrible facts, and we ought never to forget them. We went into this war to do a thing that was fundamental for the world and what I have come out on this journey for is to determine whether the country has forgotten or not. I have found out. The country has not forgotten and it will never permit any who stands in the way of the fulfillment of our great pledges, ever to forget the sorrowful day he made the attempt."

Arbitration and discussion, the president pointed out, must replace forces of arms in the settlement of world controversies. Constantly he dwells upon the fact that all the nations in the League agree to do one of two things, first to submit their differences to arbitration, in which case they agree to abide by the decision rendered, or, if unwilling to arbitrate, to have their case discussed by the Council of the League in which case six months is granted for discussion. Three months must elapse following the result of this last step in arbitration before the nation concerned can declare war.

Wade Out Hopes for Ireland.

The president took advantage of questions propounded by the San Francisco Labor Council to give the inference that he believes Ireland can bring her case before the League of Nations for settlement when the League is actually in existence.

Shan Tung, he declared, will be returned to China. Japan, he said, had given her solemn pledge to that effect. And with the League of Nations in force, said the president, we can, if occasion arises, stand forth and say, "This shall be done."

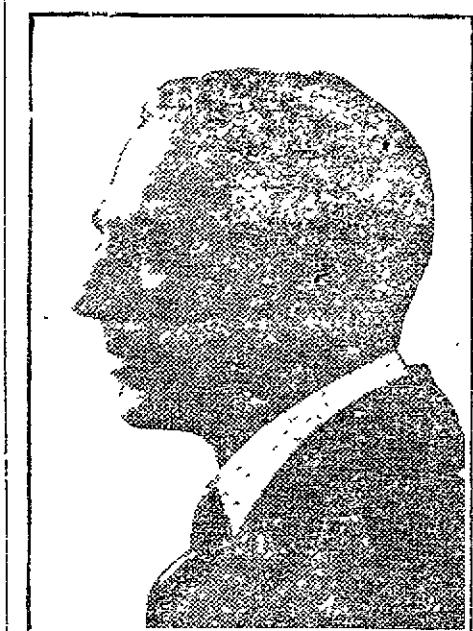
HELPED UNCLE SAM RAISE ONE BILLION

War Savings Chief Retires But Will Unofficially Aid Thrift Movement.

After two years of active service in the great war financing campaign of the government, during which he assisted in the raising of hundreds of millions of dollars, E. McLain Watters, Director of the War Savings Division, Third Federal Reserve District, has resigned to resume private business. The resignation is effective from September 15th.

Mr. Watters' retirement as director does not mean, however, that he will discontinue his interest in the government thrift movement. The organization built up by him will continue the work under supervision of Governor E. Pusey Passmore, with Mr. Watters acting in an advisory capacity.

This organization, which is almost entirely a volunteer one, with chairmen and women, vice chairmen in the various counties, has been doing splendid work in encouraging the thrift spirit and promoting sales of millions of dollars' worth of small government securities.



E. McLAIN WATTERS.

Mr. Watters was successively Associate Sales Director of Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, Chairman of the Advisory Committee for Pennsylvania, Victory Loan Committee, and War Savings Director.

During Mr. Watters' term as Associate Sales Director, a total of approximately one million dollars was raised in the Third District by sales of Certificates, which were in the nature of short term loans, enabling the government to pursue its war policies unhampered by financial considerations.

As Advisory Committee Chairman for Pennsylvania during the Victory Loan drive, Mr. Watters reorganized the state plan of campaign. He advocated the "home rule" system by which each county was entrusted with the conduct subject to headquarters' supervision, of its own loan campaigning. Mr. Watters toured the state in support of the loan and contributed such energetic leadership that the Pennsylvania section led all other divisions of the Third Federal Reserve District in oversubscription of the loan. Every district of the state, with two minor exceptions in which there were unfavorable labor conditions, exceeded the loan quota allotted to it. Under Mr. Watters' direction the state for the first time in the loan campaigns led Philadelphia in actual amount of oversubscriptions. Almost \$22,000,000 worth of bonds were sold in excess of the quota of \$145,000,000.

In addition to conducting the State Victory Loan Campaign, Mr. Watters directed the War Savings activities of the entire Third Federal Reserve District, which includes 48 Pennsylvania counties, 9 New Jersey counties and all of Delaware. He took charge in January, 1919, and due to the methods employed by him, public interest in Thrift and War Savings Stamps was maintained despite the overshadowing competition of the Victory Loan drive. Sales were encouraged all during the loan drive and have been steadily increasing.

Mr. Watters opposed spectacular methods of sale of small government securities and worked for their distribution through public demand based on a desire to own and hold the securities for their legitimate investment worth. He conducted a combined educational and sales campaign, with the result that redemptions of 1919 Stamps in the Third District have been held down to a very low percentage of the many millions of dollars worth sold.

Mr. Watters was frequently called to national headquarters in an advisory capacity while serving as War Savings Director.

War Bombs as Savings Banks.

More than 800 banks and trust companies in the Third Federal Reserve District, which includes 48 Pennsylvania and 9 New Jersey counties and all of Delaware, are aiding the government Savings Division in the distribution of hand grenade savings banks. These savings banks are highly desirable war souvenirs and are given free to supporters of the government thrift plan.

Inquire at any bank or trust company or at the nearest War Savings office about how to obtain one.

-JUNIATA COLLEGE-

Offers thorough training to men and women in Liberal Arts, General Science, Pre-Medical, Home Economics, Piano, Voice, College Preparatory, Normal English and Business Courses. Large Faculty and extensive equipment. The Fall term will open SEPTEMBER 15, 1919

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The President, Juniata College
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6-29

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Pays

Birds With Brains

Naturalists have arrived at the conclusion that the brain in birds is large in proportion to the body. If it is admitted that intelligence depends upon the weight of brain, then the goldfinch must be placed at the top of the list of birds; the brain weighs one-fourteenth of its whole body.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County the undersigned administrators of Josiah S. Zeigler, late of Juniata Township Bedford County, Pennsylvania, deceased will offer at public sale on the premises at New Buena Vista, said Township, on Friday, October 24, 1919, at 1:30 o'clock P. M. the real estate of the decedent to wit:

A tract of land bounded on the north by lands of Joseph Mowry, on the east by David Fair, Brower Struckman, Louise Hillegass, Annie Mowry, Elizabeth Suter and the public road, on the south by the public road and Calvin Hillegass, and on the west by John Mowry, containing 57 acres, more or less, having thereon a dwelling and store building, a barn and other out buildings.

Terms: Ten per cent of bid cash on day of sale and balance of bid cash on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

B. E. ZEIGLER and S. W. BITNER, Administrators.

New Buena Vista, Pa.
SIMON H. SELLS, Attorney.

Bedford, Pa.
Sept. 26, Oct 3—10—17.

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THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Indigestion, Acid Stomach, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Piles, Hemorrhoids, Women's Complaints, etc. Take one or two pills after each meal. Price 25c. Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

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Bedford Gazette

VICTOR E. P. BARKMAN
Editor and Publisher
D. W. SNYDER,
Associate Editor
and
Circulation Manager

The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

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Card of Thanks, Etc., Resolutions \$1.00.

All communications should be addressed to

Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

Friday October 3, 1919

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WHAT THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY HAS DONE FOR LABOR

By William Jennings Bryan.

To the Wage Earners of the United States:

The press dispatches announce that a national convention has been called to meet at Chicago in November for the purpose of forming a Labor party. The reason given for the organization of the new party is the "hopeless bankruptcy of the dominant political parties and their utter inability to function in the interests of the people in the present crisis and to meet the profound economic and social problems that now portend." I do not attempt to speak for the republican party, but so far as the democratic party is concerned, its record since 1896 ought to be a sufficient answer to the charge that it is "hopelessly bankrupt" or "unable to function in the interests of the people in the present crisis." Laboring men of least, of all, have reason to make such a charge because the Democratic party has consistently and persistently championed the cause of the toiling masses, wage earners as well as farmers. In 1896 the rank and file of the democratic party re-organized the party and made it the champion of the interests of the people. During the twenty-three years that have elapsed since that time, with a fidelity to the public welfare never excelled by any party and seldom equaled, it has kept the faith with the exception of a few months in 1904 when it passed temporarily in the hands of the reactionary element. It sinned grievously for its sin it answered so grievously for its sin at that time that it was immediately cured of its apostasy and in 1908 presented to the public a program, since carried out, which has given the country a series of great economic reforms more numerous and more important than were ever secured before in the same length of time.

The platform of 1896 registered the first emphatic protest made since the Civil War, against the control of American politics by predatory corporations. The platform demanded the abolition of "Government by injunction." The democratic party continued the fight for this reform until it was secured during President Wilson's first term. That plank, demanding justice to the wage earners cost the democratic party more votes than the silver plank, but the party was right in taking the stand it did and it was right in maintaining its position until it won out. Can the laboring men forget that important service rendered then by the democratic party?

In 1904 the democratic party advocated the appointment of a secretary of labor in order that the wage earners might have a representative in the president's cabinet, and its efforts were continued until it won this right for the laboring men and Secretary Wilson took his place as one of the president's counselors. Is this not a victory worth remembering?

In the campaign of 1916 the eight hour day became an issue, with the democratic party supporting it and the republican candidate opposing it. By the aid of the democratic party the Brotherhoods won out. Can such a triumph be ignored?

The child labor law, enacted under the democratic administration, had the support of the wage earners, as did legislation looking to the purification of politics. The laboring men have also shared in the advantages brought by the popular election of senators secured under the leadership of the democratic party and by currency reform secured in spite of the active opposition of republican leaders, and by the income tax which the democratic party has championed for a quarter of a century. The popular election of senators gave the laboring men a larger share in the selection of United States senators; the currency law gave labor protection from recurring panics and the income tax transferred from the shoulders of the masses to the holders of large incomes a considerable part of the burdens of government. Taxation consumption had overburdened the poor while in which escaped its share of the taxes. The income tax permitted a more equitable distribution of taxes.

The farmers as well as the wage earners have been benefited by the above remedial measures and they have received a special benefit from the farm loan law, the first distinct boon to the farmers in a generation.

Both wage earners and farmers were likewise interested in the promise of independence to the Philippines—a promise first made in 1900 and repeated in platform after platform until finally, during Mr. Wilson's

first term, it was embodied in a resolution of congress. This promise made it possible for the United States to preach democracy to the world without laying itself open to the charge of inconsistency.

Both the wage earners and the farmers have reason to appreciate the effort made by the democratic party to compel wealth to bear its fair share of the burdens of the war and both wage earners and farmers are vitally interested in the establishment of the League of Nations as a means of preventing future wars, a policy for which the democratic party stands almost unitedly.

The laboring men are giving unanimous support to the League of Nations; they realize that the cost of war, both in men and in money, must be borne largely by those who toil. Can they be indifferent to the service which the democratic party has rendered and is rendering to the cause of universal peace?

To bring the survey of the democratic record down to the present moment, the democratic administration is now defying the wrath of the profiteers and earnestly attempting to lower the cost of living, at the same time doing its best to raise the income of wage earners and farmers to meet such increase as was avoidable. With this record fresh in mind, how could any representative of labor declare the democratic party a "political bankrupt" or question its desire or ability to serve the masses. Surely it has been faithful to the people, in questions in which the plain people have a special interest.

Is some new test to be applied? If so, why not wait until the party has an opportunity to speak? If any new question has arisen, so important as to overshadow the achievements of the past, the voters to the democratic party should have a chance to sit in judgment on the issue before the organization is condemned.

The most important of the new issues is the one involving government ownership. I do not the democratic party in record against private monopoly? In 1900 it was declared "a private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable" and it has continued to reiterate this fundamental principle in subsequent platforms. Can a labor party go farther?

The railroad employees have presented a plan for government ownership of all the railroads and for the operation of the railroads by a corporation in which the employees have one third control. The plan is a new one and is now under consideration. Is it fair to make the acceptance or rejection of this plan by democratic senators and members of congress elected before the plan was presented, the test of the party's loyalty to the peoples' interests? That is not the course of procedure in a country like ours. Any individual has a right to propose measures or policies of government, but progress comes through discussion and comparison of views—usually through compromise as to detail. The wage earners are thoughtful men and they have their own opinion. Have they all considered the proposed plan and reached the conclusion that it and IT ONLY can safeguard the welfare of the wage earners? This is not a government by class but a government in which the majority rules, and that majority speaks through constitutional forms—forms that may be changed by the people in a constitutional way. Even though the laboring men have considered the proposed plan and reached an agreement upon it is it not fair that other classes shall have a chance to study a plan and reach a conclusion? The democratic party, while it has been a loyal champion of the interests of the wage earners has been just as loyal a champion of the interests of the farmers and of the business men of the country. Its maxim has been "equal rights to all and special privileges to none" and this policy preserves the interests of a large majority of the American people. The only people offended by this policy are those who seek special privileges and favors.

If the railroad plan proposed by the laboring men involved only the expenditure of some twenty billions of dollars, it would require time for its careful consideration, but it involves other things more vital than money. It involves possible changes both fundamental and vastly important.

Is it not worth while to consider whether the railroads should not be operated as well as owned by the government? This would not prevent representation of the employees on the managing board. And would it not be worth while to consider whether the benefits of government ownership cannot be secured without the concentration of authority involved in the nationalization of all the railroads?

If government ownership is advocated, it must be advocated on the theory that the people can do best that which they best understand. If this theory is correct, then the states being nearer to the people than the federal government, can be trusted with the government ownership and operation of railroads as safely as the federal government can. AT LEAST as safely. Is it not worth while to consider the advisability of separating the railroad question so as to give the federal government ownership and operation of a trunk line system reaching into every state, and yet reserve to the several states the ownership and operation of the other railroads within their borders? This plan contemplates ownership of a trunk line system by the federal government and of local lines by the various states.

Suppose the democratic party, already committed to government ownership as against private monopoly, should meet the crisis by proposing government ownership, but according to this dual plan, would the wage earners feel justified in insisting upon nationalization of all the railroads? Do they put more emphasis upon NATIONALIZATION than upon GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP?

And even if the laboring men do reject in advance the idea of dual

Nudges

You cannot prove an early fall by the duds the women wear.

A fool and his money soon part like going from the sublime to the ridiculous.

All the worlds a stage and John Barleycorn has made his farewell tour which ended last July. He still plays a little part in the alleys and secret places but is seldom seen in the open any more.

All things come to him who waits but he is generally dead by the time that most of the things reach him.

Every man is entitled to his opinion but a woman insists on five or six.

You can trace trouble to its source. If Adam hadn't liked apples this would have been a different world. When you get to the end just blame Adam for it all.

Too much of a good thing is worse than not enough, but the knowledge usually comes too late.

A woman can always wear a size smaller shoe if it comes to a pinch.

If you own real estate you are known by your deeds.

Harry Chamberlain says he never passes through the Miller Wood that he does not get sorry he is not a dog. He says the squirrels are so thick that he could tree several fine ones.

A young lady of Cessna is glad the fall and winter dresses are to be shorter instead of longer this winter, as it will enable her to cut her old one off.

Will Roberts, of Southampton after reading about the police strike in Boston and how the people of that place acted when they had nobody to attend to them, said he would bet Sam Bartholow and Frank Adams would cut up some if he should go on a strike.

Phil May has returned from a visit of several days to Pumpkintown. He says the people all seemed to be mighty glad to see him, but he says he does not believe they meant it.

Fred Mowry of Buffalo Mills attended the circus at Cumberland the other day and saw a snake that was so big that it was impossible to fit into a snake story as to size. He says it was bigger than the ordinary mind could imagine. He says one of the prettiest women he ever saw seemed to have the management of the snake and seemed very fond of it.

How'd Clark says he never could understand why when a fellow caught a real nice fish he could not be proud enough of it to tell the truth about it.

Adam Barlow says a widow of the Wolfburg neighborhood does not bear close inspection.

Alexander Means says dogs are not very profitable, but one gets lots of pleasure out of having them around.

The Mail Carrier says it will soon be time for all the frogs, snakes and the like to freeze to death for the winter and he guesses this will stop a lot of lying. He says long as there are fish and snakes there will be liars.

A good trade was knocked in the head between Zero Peck and Alexander Moseley at the postoffice yesterday because the parties could not agree. Zero wanted a little boot because his dog had two more spots than Alex's dog.

The jaybirds go so hot after the bunch of artificial cherries on Miss Mary Pinkham's new fall hat Sunday that she had to solicit Prof. Barkman to accompany her home to keep the hungry birds from damaging the hat.

government ownership, is it fair to organize a new party before the democratic party have a chance to accept or reject the nationalization of all the railroads, and before the laboring men have a chance to consider the dual plan?

The organization of a new party is not only a difficult matter but it involves certain dangers. If the new party is organized to join the democratic party and the men in favor of government ownership of a trunk line system by the reform element in the old parties but it will weaken MOST the party which contains the largest percentage of reformers. If the new party fails to become the leading party it injures its chance of securing reform, by lessening the chance of reform through the old parties. Is it wise to take this risk without giving the old parties a chance to act upon the subject.

Within a year the old parties will hold their conventions. If the advocates of government ownership remain in the old parties they may be able to control one of them or even both. Would it not be better to commit the two old parties to government ownership and thus make its success sure? If either party takes a position satisfactory to the laboring men they can, by concentration of their strength, insure a victory to that party and to their cause. As a balance of power they may be invaluable. Is it certain that they can win as an independent party?

As a matter of justice, the democratic party deserves a trial before it is discarded. As a matter of policy the wage earners may well consider whether they can advance their cause more rapidly within the old parties than by separation from them. Is it not worth while to await the action of the old parties before deciding whether a new party is necessary?

Answering Census Queries Will Help Farm Profits

When the census enumerator comes around to the farm shortly after January 1 next year, he will ask some questions that may sound like prying into the purely personal affairs of the farmer. Now, the farmer, like every other self-respecting man, dislikes having his private affairs peeped into and unless he thinks about this thing in advance, may have a disposition to be unresponsive if not actually resistant.

In actual fact, every question that the enumerator will ask is an essential question and has a direct bearing on the personal welfare and prosperity of the individual farmer as well as upon the advancement of the agriculture of the Nation as a whole.

When the Bureau of the Census decided to take the farm census in January instead of April, it did so upon the advice of the United States Department of Agriculture. The farmer is less likely to be very busy in January than at the spring planting and breeding season, and his products and live stock are in better shape for statistical treatment. Also, every new question—and there are a number of them—inserted in the agricultural schedule was placed there after consultation with the Department of Agriculture and for the purpose of clearing up some specific situation in which the Department of Agriculture is trying to aid the farmer.

Here are some questions that will be asked: "Do you own all of this farm?" "Do you rent from others all of this farm?" "Do you rent from others all of this farm?" "If you rent all of this farm, what do you pay as rent?" "If you own all or part of this farm, was there any mortgage debt or other encumbrance on the land so owned on January 1, 1920?" "What was the total amount of debt or encumbrance on land on this farm owned by you January 1, 1920?"

Pertinent—Not Impertinent
"What the Sam Hill," you may inquire, "has the Government got to do with how much money I owe on my land?" Well, two things to which the Department of Agriculture has been giving deepest thought during the past several years are farm tenancy and rural credits. The past three censuses have shown an increase in the number of tenants. Alarmists have felt—and said—that the country is going to the bows by the landlord route. The Department of Agriculture, however, looked into the matter as well as was able, and refused to make surveys it discovered that while the number of tenants 25 years old was greater in 1910 than in 1900 or 1890 the number of tenants 45 years old was considerably smaller in 1910 than in 1900 or 1890.

The inference is that tenancy is a step toward ownership, that the young fellow who becomes a tenant farmer when he marries, say is likely to be a farm owner before his first child is grown—the farm paid for and the money that used to go to pay off the mortgage available for sending the children to college.

Now, to the Department of Agriculture, that looks like a thoroughly normal healthy, and beneficial process. To just the extent that tenancy leads to farm ownership, it is a good thing for the country and for the individual.

Full Answers Essential.

But it has not been possible to get a complete, nation-wide survey of the situation. The forthcoming census offers the opportunity for doing that. If every farmer will answer the enumerator's questions fully and fairly the Department of Agriculture will have the data from which to analyze the situation accurately and to determine what things can be done to best advantage to help the tenant in his aspiration to become a farm owner.

One of the directions that aid may take is encouragement of rural credits—finding all of the ways possible of helping the young farmer to get the money that he may need to borrow. It is necessary, therefore, to know what proportion of farmers who advance from tenants to owners have to borrow money to make the change, and how much in proportion to total value of the farms bought, they have to borrow.

The road toward ownership does not necessarily start with tenancy. A great many farm owners were first farm hands, then tenants, then owners, then mortgagees, then owners, then debt free. The census will show, if the questions are answered fairly, how many years, if any, every farmer worked for wages; how many years he was a tenant; and how many years he has been an owner. The Department of Agriculture will have the basic information it needs to help men to success in farm ownership.

Other Important Queries.

Here are some questions that will that will be asked: "Has this farm a telephone?" "Is water piped into the operators' house?" "Has the operator's house gas or electric light?"

Now, that looks like an effort to find out whether or not the farm family has the modern home comforts—and it is just that, but it means something more than mere inquisitiveness. Several months ago, when the Bureau of Farm Management was in process of reorganization, the Secretary of Agriculture called a conference of heads of schools, social workers, and others from all over the country. When the people were assembled in Washington, he asked their opinion as to the most useful thing that could be done by the Office of Farm Management. For a whole day these people discussed the matter. Just before night, with a score of items on the floor, they took a vote. The work of promoting the comfort and convenience of the farm home received an overwhelming majority of the votes.

That, then, is one of the things that the Department of Agriculture is trying to do in aid of the farm population of this country. In order to do the work intelligently, the de-

Three Billion Deficit Faces U. S. By July Next-

A deficit of more than three billion dollars by July, 1920, is facing the Treasury, even though Congress should not appropriate another penny before that date, according to Chairman Good of the appropriations committee. He warned the House that greater economy than ever before exhibited must be practiced by the Government.

Already the Government is committed to expenditures for the ending June 30, 1920 of \$10,831,201,555 while the total revenues are estimated at \$7,239,920,240.

In consideration of the fact that the Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund of Bedford County is unable to grant assistance to any of the mothers on the waiting list and more than this have actually had to reduce the monthly help from the Fund from \$585.00 which was the sum of all grants in May to \$206.33 and this in the face of the largest appropriation for Mother's Assistance which has yet been made by the Legislature, the Board feels that an explanation should be given the public regarding the predicament in which the work is now placed.

At no time since the organization of the work has it been possible to assist all of the eligible mothers in Bedford County. The influenza epidemic alone brought 26 applications to the Board. Our waiting list shows that the Fund has never been able to meet more than one-third of the need and the grants made to the families receiving help have been very inadequate in many cases.

The Mothers' Assistance Fund Law was passed in April 1913 for the purpose of assisting widowed mothers of the wives of income men who are "dependent upon their own effort for support and who have proved their character and ability, "as aid in supporting their children in their own homes." The Law recognized that providing the mother is a good mother she is best, as well as the cheapest caretaker, of the child and that in helping the mother to keep the home together the State is insuring its own as well as the child's best interests.

The State Appropriation for 1917-1918 was \$445,981.41, Bedford County's share of this fund for the two years from State and County was \$1,951.21. However the Law provided that during the second fiscal year (June 1918—May 1919) the amount appropriated to the unorganized counties reverted to the organized counties providing the Commissioners matched the State Allotment. The Commissioners and Board of Trustees eagerly took advantage of the extra money so that this County received from June 1, 1918 to May 31, 1919 half as much again as it had received during the first year or a total of \$2,926.81.

With this additional money at its disposal and confidently expecting that the Legislature would see the wisdom of making the increased Appropriation of \$1,000,000 asked for on behalf of the dependent fatherless children of the State the Board of Trustees made additional grants to mothers on the waiting list during the winter and spring months until in May the assistance granted amounted to \$585.00 for that month.

The Legislature made an appropriation of \$600,000 to the Mothers' Assistance Fund, which with the unexpended balance gave a total State Appropriation for the next two years of \$628,816.11. Bedford County's share of this Appropriation amounted to \$2,715.07 which after deducting administrative expenses allows a monthly allotment for pensions of \$296.83 a reduction of \$378.67 from the May allotment.

At the same time that the Appropriation Bill was reduced the Legislature approved the Bill sponsored by the Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund and the State Office, increasing the maximum grants to \$20 for the first child and \$10 for each additional child and decreasing the residential requirement for three years in the County to be a year and two in the State. The beneficent provisions, however, of these new provisions are largely nullified by the inadequate Appropriation. The curtailing in assistance which the Appropriation forced upon the administrators of the Fund was, it is needless to say, made by them with profound regret and with the most poignant understanding and appreciation of the suffering it involves and the cost which must one day be met in the physical deterioration of the children of Pennsylvania for whose welfare the Law was intended to provide.

Can we not arouse the citizens of Bedford County to an active interest in this work. Definite appeals have already been made to the County Commissioners, as well as the different organizations of the County. We now appeal to you who so splendidly came to the aid of the War Stricken Countries to come to the aid of the FATHERLESS CHILDREN OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

Mrs. Lloyd Bruce Shaw, Chairman
Mrs. H. F. Gump Jr. Sec. & Treas.
Mrs. E. L. Smith
Mrs. A. C. Blackburn
Mrs. Frank Wisegarver.

ZIMMERS — EVANS

On Saturday September 20th at the reformed parsonage Bedford, Rev. J. Albert Eyer united in marriage Mr. Michael Zimmers of New Paris, Pa., and Miss Florence Evans of Reynoldsdale, Pa. The best wishes of a host of friends go with these young people as they begin their new life.

partment needs as full information as possible as to how the farm homes of the country are equipped for comfort and convenience.

DEATHS

JOHN KELLER

After a lingering illness John Keller, an aged and respected citizen passed away at his home in Juniata Township. He was born January 15, 1838 and died September 20, 1919 aged 81 years 8 months and 5 days.

He was born and raised in Somerset County, Pa., and was a son of Henry and Rachael Trent Keller, deceased.

He was united in marriage to Mary Eve Dull daughter of Joseph and Christiana Otto, Dull. To this union 8 children were born. His wife and four sons preceded him in death. He is survived by the following children: C. Alvinda, Josephine, William H. and Mrs. Effie (Keller) Brant, one grand daughter Mrs. Lelia M. (Brant) Kelley and one great grand son John William Kelley all at home. Two brothers and one sister also survive: Mrs. Sarah Ringler of Connellsville who is in her 95th year, William Keller of Johnstown in his 90th year and Justus Keller of Long Beach, California, in his 78th year. He was a veteran of the Civil War, being a member of Co. H. 171st Regt. Penna. Volunteer Infantry. He was one of a family of 12 children, seven boys and five girls. Of the seven boys five served in the Civil War.

In his young days he learned the shoemaker trade which occupation he followed for a number of years. Later he purchased a farm and followed farming until 7 years ago when he underwent an operation for kidney trouble from which he never fully recovered. He was a faithful member of the Reformed church for 54 years, serving in the offices of Deacon and Elder and Sunday school Superintendent.

Funeral services were conducted on Monday morning at Trinity Reformed church, Dry Ridge, by Rev. Metzger, of Schellsburg. The body was laid to rest in the cemetery adjoining the church. Six Civil War Veterans acted as pall bearers: John Holler, Frank Manges, Daniel May and Andrew Millegass of Buffalo Mills Rt. 1 Henry Brant of Buffalo Mills and Jonathan Hyde of Mann's Choice Rt. 1, the latter being one of his test mates.

MISS HARRIET MEANS

Miss Harriet Means died at her home in Cumberland on Wednesday September 24th of heart trouble. She was a daughter of Edward and Agnes Lee Means both deceased and was born March 1, 1879, and died Sept. 24, 1919. Aged 39 years 6 months and 23 days. She is survived by five brothers and four sisters: Sheridan Means of Barreville, Md., Daniel, Thornton, Bettie and Mrs. Jessa Leasure all of Cumberland, Mrs. Daniel James of near Artemas and Alex. Dora and Edward of near Chaneyville Pa.

She was a member of the Kingsley M. E. Church of Cumberland and bore her suffering in Christian attitude being ready to go when her Master called. The remains were interred in Fairview Cemetery, Rev. McGan of Cumberland officiating.

FREDERICK CUSTER

On the afternoon of Sept. 24, 1919 Frederick Custer, an aged and respected citizen, died at the home of his son, Ealy Custer west of New Paris, aged 91 years, 5 months and 23 days. The deceased had many friends and was a consistent member of the United Evangelical church for thirty years. He is survived by six sons who acted as pall bearers: John of Canton, Ohio; Levi of Cessna; Harvey of Hellville; Walter, Ealy and Lewis of near New Paris. Four brothers and one sister still survive: Edward of Harrisburg; Levi and Harrison of Buckstown; Joseph of New Paris and Mrs. Samuel Lape of Johnstown. Funeral services were conducted in the Reformed church at New Paris by his pastor the Rev. D. C. Baumgardner on Saturday morning. Interment in the cemetery near the church.

How to Use Salt and Smoked Fish

According to the U. S. Bureau Fisheries, Americans are notoriously deficient as fish eaters and are especially neglectful of salt and smoked fishes. To better acquaint American housewives of the uses of these fish, the Bureau of Fisheries has issued a booklet called Salt and Smoked Fish Uses. It contains six pages of receipts.

Readers of the GAZETTE may obtain a copy of this booklet free, by asking for Economic Circular 29, addressing a postal card to the Bureau of Fisheries, Dept. of Commerce, Washington, D. C.

Senator Lodge and his collaborators wrote the majority report against the treaty in the same vein and language in which they would prepare an article for an organ of the Republican party—which was exactly their purpose.

The Democrats in Congress, though a minority, are unanimous for the passage of good bills. The Republican majority is in reality a set of factions which can agree on nothing but the policy of attacking the President.

Responsible leaders in the industrial world, whether they represent capital or labor, must realize the necessity and strive for the success of the Conference that President Wilson has called to settle controversies between employers and employees. An opportunity for both sides to talk together in frankness will provide a way for working together in harmony.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR THE PUBLIC

First Announcement of Competitive Examinations Made By Superintendent Finegan

DESIGNATES OCTOBER 11TH

Interesting News Items, Briefly Condensed, Picked Up at the Departments, Which Are of Interest to the People of the State.

Harrisburg.—First regulations to be made under the act of 1919 establishing competitive State scholarships in higher education has been announced by Dr. Thomas E. Finegan, state superintendent of public instruction, Saturday, October 11, being designated as the date for holding the first examinations. They will be held in the high schools of Altoona, DuBois, Kane and Wilkes-Barre and in the Technical School in Harrisburg on that day.

Dr. Finegan says that these places will bring an examination within an accessible distance of every person who may desire to take it, and suggests that superintendents notify principals to bring the examination to the attention of worthy persons. It is probable that next year, and thereafter, examinations will be held in June.

The act of 1919 provided that young men or women completing a four-year high school course could compete for State scholarships, the college or university entered to receive \$100 from the State to aid in meeting college expenses. Each county is entitled to one scholarship. If there is more than one senatorial district in the county such county is entitled to as many scholarships as there are entire senatorial districts. The examinations will be under supervision of the State Board of Education, which will award the scholarships.

Fire Prevention Day.

Thursday, October 9, has been designated as "Fire Prevention Day" for Pennsylvania by Howard E. Butz, head of the Bureau of Fire Protection, with an appeal to people of the Keystone State to cut down the tremendous loss every year due to preventable fires.

State Buys Sanatorium.

The State Department of Health has taken over the White Pine Sanatorium at Mont Alto and added it to the State establishment. The price was about \$19,000.

To Buy Turnpike.

York papers say Highway Commissioner Sadler has informed the officials of the Hanover and Maryland Line Turnpike Company that the State Highway Department has agreed upon the purchase of the pike at the price fixed by the stockholders of the company, \$13,540. Toll gates along the road will be abandoned immediately after the deal has been closed.

Working Out Plans.

Major General W. G. Price, Jr., the new commander of the National Guard, is rapidly working out his plans for the formation of the new units of the National Guard.

Report on Coal.

In a review of coal prices and coal conditions based upon United States Geological Survey data, which he helped compile, Dr. George H. Ashley, the new State Geologist, submitted a report to Secretary of Internal Affairs James F. Wood to the effect that he did not think that prices would take a downward trend. If they change materially at all, they will go upward, he concludes.

Official Endorses Move.

Secretary Fred Rasmussen has given endorsement to the crusade for better live stock which is to be started throughout the country soon. Pennsylvania live stock has shown an increase in some lines since the commencement of the war, notably in sheep. Efforts will be made to increase the number of draft animals and beef cattle.

Educators Will Meet.

Plans for a conference of educational workers from all parts of the country, to include heads of the nation's leading colleges and universities, are being made for the week of November 10. Dr. Thomas E. Finegan, state superintendent of public instruction, has announced.

Can't Hold Two Jobs.

The State Workmen's Insurance Fund Board has announced that no person holding either a broker's license or an insurance agent's license by the State Insurance Department or any other department can be employed by the State Fund.

Many Will Hunt.

Reports received at the office of the State Game Commission indicate that issuances of hunters' licenses this year is being made at a rate which will run ahead of last year.

ANOTHER CAMPAIGN? YES

A Campaign to Still the Pangs of Hunger



Mothers wandering crazed and distraught in huge mobs of tattered humanity, bearing upon their emaciated breasts children, more than five years old, too weak, too undernourished to walk—Aged men, tottering along barren roadsides from town to town—big armies of starving refugees, hunting a crust of bread in vain—old women dying lest their sustenance be needed by a grandchild—a universal breadline, surpassing in horror and pitifulness anything ever known in the world—

Surely America Will Not Grudge These Helpless Sufferers a Campaign for Life A Charity That Knows No Creed

Here is a campaign conducted by the Jewish relief agencies, the funds of which are disbursed by Jewish agencies, but which does not limit its aid. Jew and Non-Jew alike in the afflicted communities are helped. The cry of distress is not met with a question as to faith. Human beings are dying from starvation—from overseas comes the call for help, immediate and unsparing.

No pen can picture the horrors of the more than Six Million old men and women and little children in the war stricken zones. Their misery is attested to by Red Cross and Governmental representatives.

They cry to YOU for aid—Will you deny them?

Western Pennsylvania Campaign, October 6 through October 13.

JEWISH WAR RELIEF COMMITTEE

Both houses having passed the resolution extending the thanks of Congress to Gen. Pershing, they met in joint session in the hall of the House and with intensely interesting ceremonies informed the general of their action. Gen. Pershing made an address of appreciation in behalf of the entire American expeditionary forces.

Most of the Republican "investigating" committees of the present Congress seem to believe they were appointed to furnish campaign documents for their party's next campaign—and, of course, Republican literature for elections doesn't need facts.

National Events in a Nutshell.

Senator Hiram Johnson assailed President Wilson's plea for immediate ratification of the peace treaty, and started on a tour of the country. At Lincoln, Nebraska, he stated that the league substitutes internationalism for Americanism. In his western tour, President Wilson noted and commented upon the labor unrest in Seattle. The President appointed twenty-two men to act as labor conferees at the labor and capital conference to be held in Washington in October. The governors of twenty-two states have advocated national budget systems. Secretary Lane urged industrial democracy. Great loss of life resulted from a severe storm along the Gulf of Mexico. Senator Sherman says he can foresee a third term for Wilson if the treaty is ratified. Preceding the review of the First Division, President Wilson to the members of that organization. The League of nations was attacked in a meeting of the Friends of Irish Freedom of New York. President Wilson claimed that England cannot outvote the United States nor get American aid in suppressing revolt in Ireland. Congress formally thanked Gen. Pershing and the men he led to victory.

Fight for U. S. 27 Months, Then Made U. S. Citizens

After being with the victorious 1st Division for 27 months and having spent 14 months in active fighting, 100 men of that organization were made American citizens in the National Capital while the Division was awaiting for the day of the grand review. Nearly every European country was represented among the men who, having fought for America, now crown their work by becoming full American citizens.

Republican opposition to the treaty and impeachment of the motives of all concerned with its negotiation is an incitement to unrest and suspicion at home and abroad. Heavy responsibility goes with this Senatorial recalcitrance.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Mary Shafer, late of Union Township, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

W. A. WEYANDT
Administrator
Queen, Pa.

B. F. MADORE, Attorney.
Oct. 3 to Nov. 7.

The House of Representative passed a bill introduced by Congressman Dyer of Missouri, fixing a penalty of \$5,000 for the theft of an automobile and removal from one state to another. A similar fine was also assessed to a third person who received a stolen car.

WHEN NEURALGIA ATTACKS NERVES

Sloan's Liniment scatters the congestion and relieves pain

A little, applied without rubbing, will penetrate immediately and rest and soothe the nerves. Sloan's Liniment is very effective in allaying external pains, strains, bruises, aches, stiff joints, sore muscles, lumbago, neuritis, sciatica, rheumatic twinges. Keep a big bottle always on hand for family use. Druggists everywhere. 35c, 70c, \$1.40.



"Beauty is
Only
Skin Deep"



but a beautiful skin is possible only when the liver and kidneys are active and the bowels functionate properly. The secret of beauty as well as of health is to maintain perfect digestion and elimination.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

help to preserve beauty and maintain health, because they influence liver, kidneys, skin and stomach to functionate in harmony and efficiently.

Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL-CAR

The Ford Motor Company has instructed us to sell the genuine Ford Parts to any and every reliable Garage who will pledge their use in the repair of Ford cars. The genuine Ford Parts are absolutely necessary to the owner of Ford cars that he may get full service from his car. We carry them and so, we hope, in a short time will every reliable Garage. We solicit your service business because we have the Ford Methods, the Ford Parts, the Ford Mechanics and the Ford Prices. Incidentally would be glad to get your order for one or more Ford cars.

Bedford-Somerset Auto Co
Bedford, Pa.
A. D. Claar, Queen, Pa.

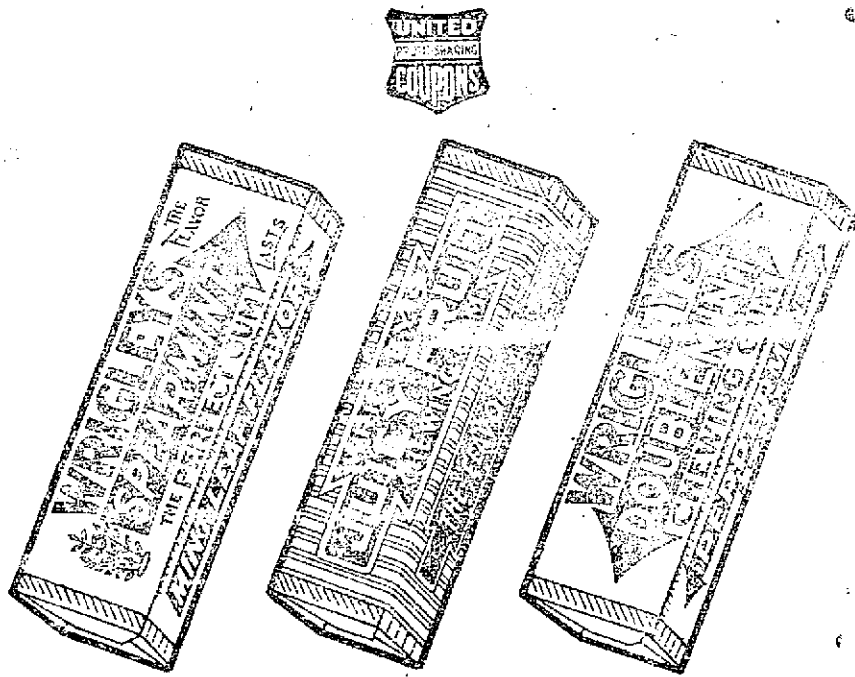
WRIGLEY'S

5c a package
before the war

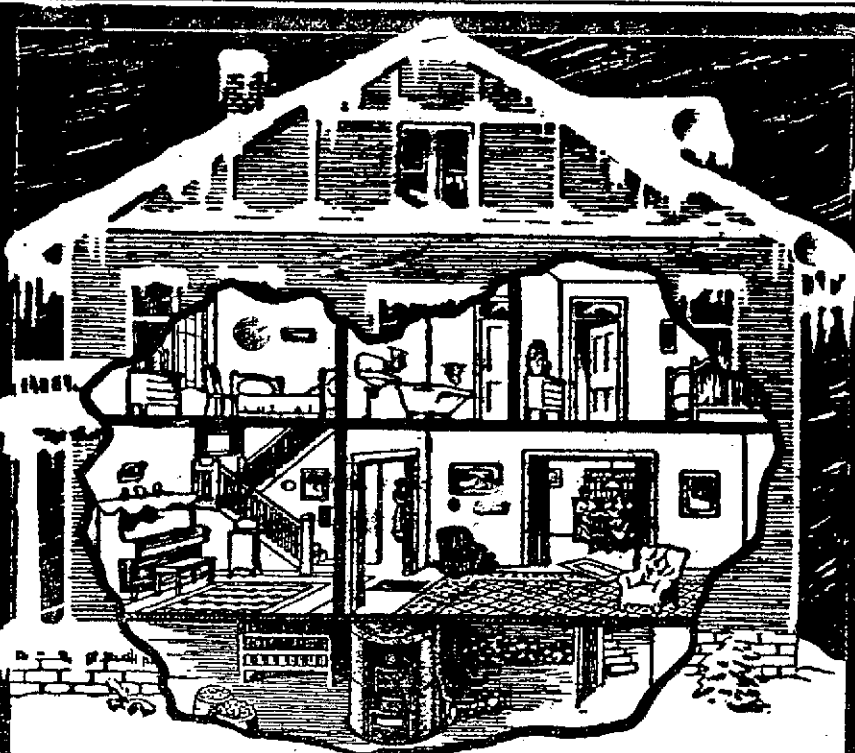
5c a package
during the war

5c a package
NOW

**THE FLAVOR LASTS
SO DOES THE PRICE!**



Dec 13-19



Heat ALL Your House THROUGH ONE REGISTER

Yes, it's just as possible in your home as it has been in fifty thousand others. You, too, may have every room comfortable with balmy healthful heat, reaching every corner by Nature's method of circulation—and all through only one register! It isn't necessary to clutter up your house with pipes, overheat your cellar and incur big bills—not when you can get the

**PIPELESS
CALORIC
FURNACE**
The Original Patented Pipeless Furnace

It can be set up in a day, without inconvenience to you, and will make your home so comfortable in the severest winter weather you will be well repaid.

Your house will be uniformly warm; your cellar will be just right for the storage of fruits and vegetables. Your fuel bill will be less than with stoves that heat only a part of your house.

HERE ARE THE REASONS

The Caloric is the Original Patented Pipeless Furnace—the result of the study of competent engineers to solve the heating problem in the most satisfactory way. That they have succeeded is proved by the fact that the number of Calorics sold on an absolute guarantee of satisfaction is three times greater than any other pipeless furnace.

The cause of this satisfaction lies in the patented and exclusive principles that distinguish the Caloric from all others. It is not a pipe furnace provided with an extra casing, but a complete revolution in furnace building designed exclusively for pipeless heating.

Come In And See Us

We will show you what these principles are, and you will then see what Caloric quality means, why it always succeeds and why imitations cannot accomplish the same results. Then you will be in no danger of buying an inferior article, with all its disappointment in later months. Get a copy of the book "Progress," which tells the fact about pipeless heating. If you can't come in, write for it.

H. Frank Gump & Son, Inc.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. E. FITZWATER, D. D.,
Teacher of English Bible in the Moody
Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1919, Western Newspaper Union)

LESSON FOR OCTOBER 12

FISHERS OF MEN.

LESSON TEXT—Mark 1:14-20.
GOLDEN TEXT—Jesus said unto them, come ye after me, and I will make you to become fishers of men.—Mark 1:17.
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Matt. 4:18-22; Luke 9:1-11; 14:15-24; James 5:16, 20.
PRIMARY TOPIC—Helping others to know Jesus.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Peter and John become workers for Jesus.
INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—The work of a disciple.
SENIOR AND ADULT TOPIC—Ways of winning men to Christ.

I. Jesus Preaching in Galilee (vv. 14, 15).

The reason why he changed from Judea to Galilee was the growing opposition to him. The fate of John the Baptist he accepted as foreshadowing his own death. The rejection of the forerunner meant the rejection of him whose advent he heralded. Prudence moved him to a more remote region where he would attract less attention and be free from opposition. Besides this it gave less favored people an opportunity to hear the gospel, according to the prophetic word (Isa. 9:1, 2). It foreshadowed the gospel to the Gentiles.

1. What he preached (v. 14). The gospel of the Kingdom of God, which meant the good news of the near approach of the Kingdom of God, when the rule of God as predicted by the prophets would be realized. It should be carefully noted that the gospel of the Kingdom differs from the gospel of the grace of God.

2. How he preached (v. 15). (1) "The time is fulfilled and the Kingdom of God is at hand." This meant that the time had now come for the appearance of the Messiah and the establishment of his kingdom. (2) "Repent." This meant that the people should turn around, change their minds and attitude toward Christ the King and accept him as their King. This is a message which needs to be sounded out today. People should be called upon to repent of their sins. (3) "Believe the gospel." Then, as now, men need to believe the gospel of Christ's death for their sins and resurrection for justification (1 Cor. 15:1-4; Rom. 4:25).

II. Jesus Calling Disciples to Become Fishers of Men (vv. 16-20).

1. Who were called (vv. 16, 18). Simon and Andrew, John and James, two pairs of brothers. It is usually best to render the Lord's service in fellowship—in pairs. This is not only necessary for effective testimony, but for needed fellowship on the part of workers and protection of the witnesses. These all had previously been called to Christ for salvation; they had become his disciples (John 1:36-42). They are now called to service. This is always his way. We are first called to be disciples, then called to have fellowship with him in service.

2. From what they were called (vv. 16, 20). They were called from positions of definite service. God always chooses his servants from the ranks of the employed. The lazy man is not likely to have a call.

3. To what they were called (v. 17). To be "fishers of men." They no doubt had been successful fishers. The qualities which made them good fishermen, namely, patience, bravery to face the storm and night, and perseverance which led them to toil all night, though no fish were caught, would make them good fishers of men. It requires patience, bravery and perseverance to win souls for Christ.

4. Their call to obedience (vv. 18, 20). To obey meant sacrifice, painful separation, to give up all business interests and leave their father behind. Regardless of the cost, they yielded prompt obedience. They gave up business and home, not even inquiring as to where their salaries were to come from. They put their trust in him who called them, believing that he was able to supply all their needs.

5. Their reward (v. 17). These four men have wielded wondrous influence in the world. Their names have become immortalized. Had they remained at their business they would only have been humble fishermen. When Christ calls let us promptly obey, for eventually it will pay. It will yield one hundredfold in this life, and eternal life in the world to come.

Preaching the Gospel.

If the church is to reach the masses of the people it will have to send, as did the prophets and apostles, its men to tell the glorious gospel of the grace of God. What is more, those who cannot do this work will have to support and encourage those who can. The marching orders of the church are: "Go ye into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature."

"For Thee."

With all the salvation of the world depending upon him, he has time and thought for each individual soul. Think of the vastness of his cares! yet the body of our Lord Jesus Christ was given for thee.—Selected.

Contagion of Heaven.

There ought to be such an atmosphere in every Christian church that a man going and sitting there should take the contagion of heaven, and carry home a fire to kindle the altar whence he came.—H. W. Beecher.

Evidence for the Bedford People

The Statements of Bedford Residents
Are Surely More Reliable Than
Those of Utter Strangers.

Home testimony is real proof.
Public statements of Bedford people carry real weight.

What a friend or neighbor says compels respect.

The word of one whose home is far away invites your doubts, here's a Bedford statement.

And it's for Bedford people's benefit.

Such evidence is convincing.

That's the kind of proof that backs Doan's Kidney Pills.

J. O. Henderson, Bedford street., Bedford, says: "For some time I was troubled with my kidneys. Often I had bad headaches and severe pains in the small of my back. At such times I could hardly bend over as the pains would catch me in my back and cause me so much misery. I started the use of Doan's Kidney Pills and they did me so much good that I have kept on taking them. Now I have no more headaches and I never felt better."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Henderson had. Foster—Milbur Co., Mfrs., Buffalo N. Y.

NATURE'S MIRROR



When a woman is well and healthy—there's a sparkle in her eyes, a rose tint in her cheeks, and she has rich red blood. There's elasticity in every movement and a spring in her step. Love comes to every woman who has bounding health—but when she is pallid, dull-eyed, languid, she has no magnetism nor does she appeal to any man.

Such a change in feelings and looks!

After suffering pain, feeling nervous, dizzy, weak and dragged down by weaknesses of her sex—with eyes sunken, black circles and pale cheeks—such a woman is quickly restored to health by the Favorite Prescription of Dr. Pierce. Changed, too, in looks, for after taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the skin becomes clear, the eyes brighter, the cheeks plump. It is purely vegetable, contains no alcohol.

Druggists sell it in tablets or liquid. Send Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10c for trial package.

Dr. F. P. STEHLEY and SON

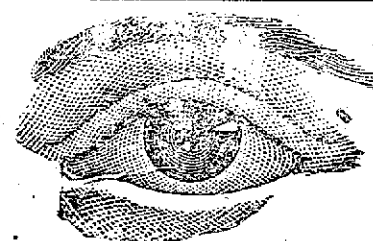
Leading Dentists in Cumberland
LOCATED

at No. 100 Baltimore Street over
McCrorry's 10-Cent Store
P. O. Box 367
Cumberland, Md.

SAFE, GENTLE REMEDY BRINGS SURE RELIEF

For 200 years GOLD MEDAL Haarlum Oil has enabled suffering humanity to withstand attacks of kidney, liver, bladder and stomach troubles and all diseases connected with the urinary organs and to build up and restore health organs weakened by disease. These most important organs must be watched, because they filter and purify the blood; unless they do their work you are doomed.

Weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, dizziness, backache, stomach trouble, pains in the joints and lower abdomen, gravel, difficulty when urinating, rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago all warn you of trouble with your kidneys. GOLD MEDAL Haarlum Oil Capsules are the remedy you need. Take three or four every day. The healing oil soaks into the cells and lining of the kidneys and drives out the poisons. New life and health will surely follow. When your normal vigor has been restored continue treatment for a while to keep yourself in condition and prevent a return of the disease. Don't wait until you are incapable of fighting. Start taking GOLD MEDAL Haarlum Oil Capsules today. Your druggist will cheerfully refund your money if you are not satisfied with results. But be sure to get the original imported GOLD MEDAL and accept no substitutes. In three sizes. Sealed packages. At all drug stores.



Dr. A. C. WOLF,

BEDFORD, PA.

Diseases of the

EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT

My Glasses are guaranteed for 4 years from \$3 to \$7, and guaranteed for a life time from \$8 to \$15. Any time it is necessary I will examine the eyes and change the lenses, free of charge.

Strong Family Resemblance.
"Contentment," remarked Shimbone, "am a mighty fine thing; de only trouble 'bout it is it's kin' o' hahd to 'stinguish from jes' plain laziness."—Boston Transcript.



The best baking powder at the price—no better powder at any price.

RUMFORD
THE WHOLESOME
BAKING POWDER
Go buy it today!

**If you want
what you
want when you
want it—in the
printing line—
WE HAVE IT!**

Gazette Publishing Co., Bedford, Pa.



Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel!

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

18c a package

CAMELS are the most refreshing, satisfying cigarette you ever smoked! Put all your cigarette desires in a bunch, then buy some Camels, give them every taste-test and know for your own satisfaction that in quality, flavor, smooth-body and in many other delightful ways Camels are in a class by themselves!

Camels are an expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos. You'll not only prefer this blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight, but you'll appreciate the remarkable full-bodied-mildness and smooth, refreshing flavor it provides! Camels are a cigarette revelation!

Camels win you in so many new ways! They not only permit you to smoke liberally without tiring your taste but leave no unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or unpleasant cigarette odor!

Compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price! You'll prefer Camel quality to premiums, coupons or gifts!

Camel
CIGARETTES



Parowax

Be sure your fruits are really preserved.

Seal out all the air. Melt a cake of Parowax and dip the top of your jar.

Parowax is pure refined paraffine—it shuts out the air and prevents mould and decay.

ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY

BIBLES: For the student, teacher, preacher, home and family all at eoperea sptX Orur .loli aw hx special cut prices. For particulars write H. G. SMITH, Bedford, Pa.

Aug. 29 to Oct. 3*

FARM ANIMALS

CONTROL SHEEP-KILLING DOG

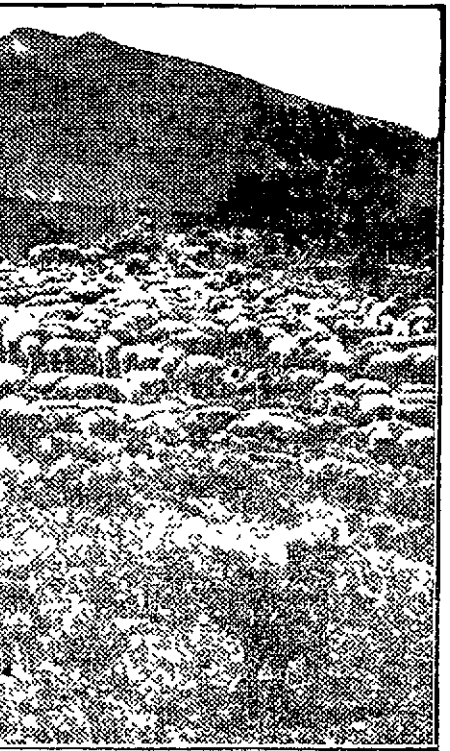
Secretary of Agriculture Asks Twenty Governors to Urge Laws Protecting Sheep.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The enactment of more adequate state laws to control sheep-killing dogs is urged by Secretary Houston in a letter just sent to the governors of 20 states. The secretary points out that, although there has been a gratifying increase in the number of sheep in the United States in the past year, there is room for further expansion of the industry. Farmers, he says, are discouraged in many instances from keeping sheep on account of the danger of damage by dogs. The letters were sent to the governors of Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin, where state legislatures are now in session. Following is the letter:

"I understand that many states now have under consideration the matter of legislation to encourage the larger development of the sheep industry by removing or controlling the dog menace. During the past year, as you perhaps know, there has been a gratifying increase in the number of sheep in the United States. There is undoubtedly room in many sections of the country for further expansion along this line, especially in the settled farming areas. The field representatives of this department, however, generally report that farmers are discouraged in many instances from keeping sheep on account of the danger of damage by dogs.

"The question seems to be primarily one for consideration and action by

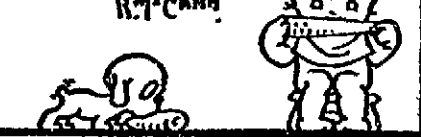


Sheep Grazing on National Forest Range.

the various states. I am, therefore, taking the liberty to bring the matter to your attention, with the hope that you will look into the situation and make such recommendations as may seem wise to the legislature of the state. May I not, in this connection, call your attention to the carefully drawn and apparently well-enforced laws of several states, notably those of New York and Pennsylvania, which are set forth in the bulletin (Farmers' Bulletin 935) inclosed herewith."

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

Sweet corn is very nice to eat. I like the rows of kernels neat. I always take my bites the same And make my dinner like a game.



ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE
Estate of Alexander Knisely, late of Lincoln Township Bedford County Pa., Deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

GEORGE W. KNISELY, Administrator, Queen, Pa.
FRANK E. COLVIN, Attorney, Sept. 5, 6th.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE
Estate of Margaret Miller, late of New Paris Borough Bedford County, Pa., deceased.

Letters testamentary having been granted the undersigned executor named in the last will and testament of Margaret Miller late of New Paris Borough Bedford County, Pa., deceased, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent are hereby notified to present the same without delay for payment, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment of the same.

SYLVESTER H. MICKEL, Executor
New Paris, Penna.
E. M. PENNELL, Attorney, Sept. 5, 6th.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Mary Claar late of Lincoln Township, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

LUCY A. BERKEY, Administrator, Alum Bank Pa.
GEORGE POINTS, Attorney, Sept. 12, 6th.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Frederick Walford, late of Hyndman Borough, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters testamentary having been named in the last will and testament of Frederick Walford late of Hyndman Borough Bedford County, Pa., deceased, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent are hereby notified to present the same without delay for payment, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment of the same.

JOHN SNOWDEN, Executor.
E. M. PENNELL, Attorney, Sept. 19, 6th.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County I will offer at public sale on the premises about two miles west of Woodbury, in Woodbury Township Bedford County, Pennsylvania, on Tuesday, October 14, 1919, at 2:00 o'clock P. M. the real estate of Harry C. Mock, late of said township, deceased, to wit: A lot of ground fronting on east side of public road leading from Potter Creek Church to Maria, bounded on the north by lot of Jacob Brown on east by lands of D. J. Rehinger and on the south by lands of J. Roy Walter, having thereon a dwelling house and a dwelling and store house combined, a stable and out buildings.

Terms: Ten per cent of bid cash on day of sale, balance cash on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

J. IRVIN MOCK, Administrator, Woodbury, Pa.
SIMON H. SELL, Attorney, Bedford, Pa.
Sept. 19, 3th.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of William D. Long, late of Liberty Township, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

SADIE A. LONG, Administrator, Riddlesburg, Pa.
E. M. PENNELL, Attorney, Sept. 19, 6th.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Thomas P. Beckley, late of West St. Clair Township, Bedford County, Pa., Deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

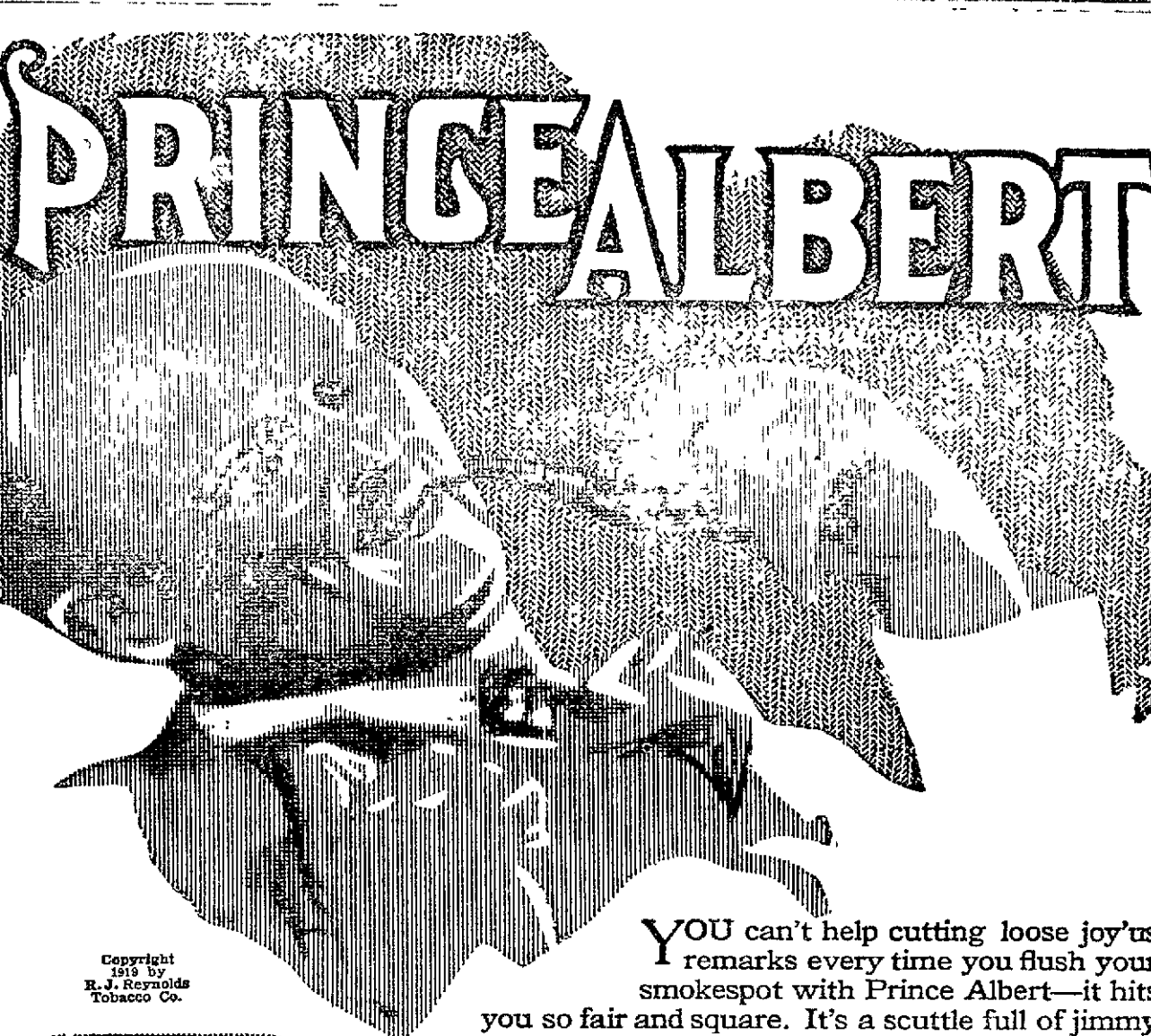
CLARENCE H. BECKLEY, Administrator, Alum Bank, Pa.
E. M. PENNELL, Attorney, Sept. 19, 6th.

Man's Wonderful Makeup.

No difference how sour a man looks, he contains about 60 lumps of sugar of the ordinary cubical dimensions, and to make the seasoning complete, there are 20 spoonfuls of salt. If a man were distilled into water he would make about 38 quarts, or more than half his entire weight. He also contains a great deal of starch, chloride of potash, magnesium, sulphur and hydrochloric acid in his wonderful system.

Must Have Been Moving Rapidly.

One day I sent Ralph to a store several blocks away. In the meantime it rained, and immediately at the close of the shower he returned and I asked him anxiously: "Why, Ralph, where were you when it rained?" He replied: "I wasn't anywhere—I was running."—Chicago American.



PRINCE ALBERT

Copyright 1919 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.



YOU can't help cutting loose joyous remarks every time you flush your smokespot with Prince Albert—it hits you so fair and square. It's a scuttle full of jimmy pipe and cigarette makin's sunshine and as satisfying as it is delightful every hour of the twenty-four!

It's never too late to hop into the Prince Albert pleasure-pasture! For, P. A. is trigger-ready to give you more tobacco fun than you ever had in your smokecareer. That's because it has the quality.

Quick as you know Prince Albert you'll write it down that P. A. did not bite your tongue or parch your throat. And, it never will! For, our exclusive patented process cuts out bite and parch. Try it for what ails your tongue!

Tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidior with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Report of the Condition OF THE HOBLITZELL NATIONAL BANK,

at Hyndman, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, September 12, 1919.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts...	97,647.44
Foreign Bills of Exchange or Drafts sold with indorsement of this bank	97,647.44
Overdrafts unsecured	50.40
U. S. Government Securities owned	
Deposited to secure circulation	16,250.00
Owned and unpledged War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	47,950.00
Total U. S. Government Securities	5.00
Other Bonds, Securities etc	
Securities other than U. S. Bonds owned and pledged	64,205.00
Total bonds, securities, etc	97,540.05
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	1,150.00
Furniture and fixtures	2,000.00
Real estate owned other than banking house	571.28
Lawful reserve in Federal Reserve Bank	14,974.05
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	48,211.17
Total of Items	48,211.17
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	92.51
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	812.50
Interest earned but not collected on Notes and Bills Receivable not past due	118.45
Total	327,373.23

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	25,000.00
Surplus Fund	12,000.00
Undivided Profits	1,978.11
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	818.82
Interest and discounts collected or credited in advance of maturity and not earned	879.43
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,027.13
Total of Items	3,027.13
Demand Deposits: Individual deposits subject to check	88,513.00
Dividends unpaid	750.00
Total demand deposits subject to Reserve	88,513.00
Time Deposits: Other time deposits	180,744.24
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve	180,744.24
Total	327,373.23

State of Pennsylvania, County of Bedford, ss:

I Harry V. Evans, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

HARRY V. EVANS, Cashier
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of September, 1919.

CHAS. R. RHODES, Notary Public
My Commission expires February 2nd 1923

Correct—Attest:
A. G. MILLER
A. G. CRABBE
M. H. KRAMER
Directors

Number Ten is the Best Blood Purifier made.

A Fifty-cent bottle contains a two month's treatment and spring is the best time to use it.

Ed. D. Heckerman
The Druggist, Bedford, Pa.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

SCHELLBURG, PENNA.

The small bank with the big backing

3% Compound Interest paid on time deposits 3%

You can open a Savings or Checking account with us with \$1.00.

Your Patronage is Invited.

Large enough to serve you
Strong enough to protect you

Stoye-town, Pa. August 14, 1919

Messrs. Cessna and Gjertsen,
Special Agents Equitable Life of New York City,
Gentlemen—

I wish to thank you and through you the Equitable Life for the very prompt and satisfactory settlement of the policy for \$5000 on the life of my deceased husband, Dr. W. H. H. Schrock. My husband had policies in several companies. The Equitable was the first to make settlement, which was three days after his death.

Yours truly

(signed) Mrs. W. H. H. Schrock.

Famous Name in Boston.

Three Josiah Quincys have filled the office of mayor of Boston. The first Josiah Quincy to become mayor served six years, from 1823 to 1828, later becoming president of Harvard college. His son, Josiah Quincy, Jr., was mayor for three years, from 1846 to 1849, and he was the grandfather of the Josiah Quincy who was mayor for four years, from 1896 to 1899.

Diseases Spread by Wars. In the nineteenth century, during the Russo-Turkish wars, typhus spread from Turkey up through Wallachia into Austria. The French suffered from it during the Crimean conflict. In the Franco-Prussian war, the French, being poorly clothed and fed, again suffered. The Balkan war seems to have been notable more for cholera, a summer disease, than typhus, which flourishes best in winter.

YOU READ the Other Fellow's Ad

You are reading this one. That should convince you that advertising in these columns is a profitable proposition; that it will bring business to your store. The fact that the other fellow advertises is probably the reason he is getting more business than is falling to you. Would it not be well to give the other fellow a chance

To Read Your Ad in These Columns?

LOYSBURG

Corn cutting and threshing is operation all around Loysburg and vicinity. The reports are that the corn crop is the best ever raised in many years. The wheat and oats crop is very good also.

W. A. Butts has returned home from his trip through Maryland, West Virginia, Washington, D. C. and old Virginia. He says he saw most everything to be seen in Washington but President Wilson. He also says that he attended both upper and lower houses of Congress. He visited Mt. Vernon and inspected all of the Washington estate as well as the tomb that contains the bodies of our first president and his wife. He also visited Arlington the home of General Lee and his tomb, which is in the national cemetery where thousands of U. S. Soldiers lie.

W. A. Butts is sporting a new suit purchased in Washington, D. C. and a new pair of shoes bought in Chambersburg.

Mr. Al Good of New Enterprise was found dead in H. Snowbush's cornfield last Thursday afternoon. He was buried at that place on Sunday afternoon. A very large crowd attending. Heart trouble is said to be the cause of his death.

Mr. Harry Snively and all his family are having a serious time with the measles. Harry Detwiler is also afflicted with measles.

Little Alton Hoover youngest son of W. B. Hoover of the Union Hotel is on the sick list.

Mr. Henry Grubb and Noble Geib were on business at Everett and Clear Ridge one day last week.

Mr. D. M. Bayer and Al Butts were bass fishing on Friday of last week at Cypher but the catch was small, on account of the river being very muddy.

The communion services in the Reformed church Sunday October 5 will be conducted by its pastor at 11 A. M.

The ladies aid of the Reformed church cleaned and scrubbed the church on Monday. Preparatory for the wedding and communion services.

Hoover up. The Bedford County Fair was held this week. Good fishing afterwards. Woece.

Babe Fetter the thresherman is cleaning up Texac corner this week.

Last Sunday was a good day for good dinners. Quite a number of people took dinner at Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Kagarise at their new home.

Mr. and Mrs. George Overton and two sons also Mrs. Pennell of Mass. took dinner at Mrs. Sarah Davis and Nan Campbell.

Mrs. George Reiter and Mrs. Joe Markey and daughter Lillie took dinner at A. B. Replogles of Potter Creek.

It is rumored that Mr. D. A. Stayer of Yellow Creek is about to purchase a home in Loysburg. Welcome Dave. Come quick.

Mrs. Mary Falkender and granddaughter, Miss Catherine Bald of Illinois are visiting friends and relatives here at Saxton, Everett and other places for some time.

J. Elmer Butts and John A. Butts have returned to their respective colleges to resume their studies. The former to Juniata College of Huntingdon the latter to Maryland State College of Agriculture of College Park, Md.

Mr. Edgar Little of Waterside had another attack of appendicitis but is reported better at this writing.

W. A. Butts accompanied Rev. B. A. Wentz to La Fayetteville on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. J. W. Geible is on the sick list and hope for early recovery.

The Emergency Aid of Loysburg and vicinity held a community picnic for our returned soldiers on Thursday September 18th 1919. P. M. Abie addresses were made by Rev. B. A. Wentz Chairman; D. Lloyd Claycomb Esq., of Altoona; S. Mon H. Sell Esq. of Bedford; Rev. Littleton of Martinsburg. The Salemville Band furnished the music. Quite a large crowd was in attendance. The games were very amusing and entertaining. The games were directed by Miss Luell Brown. A returned U. S. A. nurse and Mrs. George Ritter.

Mr. Albrt Blough and Miss Mary King of Salemville were married on Sunday September 27, 1919 at the bride's home. The best wishes to this young couple.

A church wedding on Wednesday 7 o'clock P. M. The contracting parties were Mr. John Curry of Roaring Spring and Maude Geible of Loysburg. Quite a number of guests were invited. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. B. A. Wentz in the Reformed church.

POINT

Mrs. Myrtle King of Altoona and Miss Jennie Cable of Roaring Spring spent several days with their parents Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Cable last week.

Harry Hoover and family of Fishertown were guests of the family of R. C. Smith on Sunday.

Henry Miller, wife and granddaughter of Bethel Hollow were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Cable on Sunday.

Mrs. Josiah Hissong returned to her home on Saturday evening after a weeks pleasant visit among friends at Cessna and Bedford.

Daniel Findley was at Point on Thursday afternoon collecting school tax. He was accompanied by his daughter.

Mrs. David Shull will have a small sale on Saturday of personal property.

Lester Yarnell and wife of East Pittsburgh stopped to see his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Hissong, on Sunday evening. They were on their way to Philadelphia, where they expect to reside for some time.

T. R. Studebaker of Cessna visited among friends near Point on Sunday.

The "Pilgrim" correspondent of Spring Hope was too modest last week to report that he and his wife were the proud possessors of a fine young son born to them on the night of Wednesday September 17th. Both mother and son are doing fine and Pierre is linking into the work harder than ever on account of the increase in his family. (Hurrah for "Pilgrim"—Ed.)

INGLESMTIH

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Morse of Pittsburgh who have been visiting friends and relatives have returned home.

Mr. Chilton White of Cumberland was visiting relatives in this vicinity Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Clingerman, Mrs. Raymond Shaffer and Mr. Ingle Smith made a business trip to Westport Md. on Monday.

Quite a few people from around Inglesmith attended preaching at Pine Grove Sunday night.

There will be preaching at Fairview the second Sunday in October at 2:30 P. M. Everybody welcome.

Mr. Thomas Morse is visiting his father, Mr. James Morse.

Mrs. David Barnes and son Lester made a business trip to Cumberland Friday.

LA FAYETTEVILLE

Miss Mazie Claar spent Saturday night, and Sunday with her friend Miss Barbara Teeter of Bakers Summit.

Those who spent Sunday with Mrs. Polly Ebersole were: Mr. and Mrs. Charles Teeter and sons Paul and Claar and daughters Bessie, Mabel and Ruth; Mr. and Mrs. Rastus Ebersole and son James and daughter, Mildred; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ebersole and sons Marvin, Orville and Wilbur; Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Teeter;

Mrs. Miles Claar and daughter Mary and son Mearl and Miss Ruth Claycomb and Mr. Harry Ebersole.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ebersole and sons Marvin, Orville and Wilbur called at James Reighards Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. David Shriner and daughters Luell, Veal and sons Ausie and William of Martinsburg spent Sunday with Mrs. Elizabeth Refner.

William Ebersole and family spent Sunday with Ransom Snyder at Woodsville.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Claycomb, Walter Claar and Rosie Klotz spent Sunday at Clawsburg.

Mrs. Hattie Croyle and daughter Verna spent Sunday with Mrs. Laura Pressel.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Lamburn and children spent a few days last week at the formers mother Mrs. Elmira Lamborn.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Claar and son Walter; Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Claycomb were short time callers at William Kagarise and family of near Salemville Sunday evening.

PLEASANTVILLE

Lue Fruckman and sister Irene; Mrs. Carl Shaffer and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ickes and two sons William and Lewis all from Youngstown Ohio spent a week with Mr. Ickes parents Mr. and Mrs. William Ickes. They had a fine time.

Rev. J. Damer Hammer is spending a short vacation at his home after which he will accompany his brother Rufus east to school.

Mrs. Jacob Blackburn and Mrs. George Weyant attended the funeral of Mrs. George Shaffer of Pavya. Interment being in the Queen cemetery. The funeral was largely attended.

Paul Claycomb killed a black snake measuring over 5 feet in length. Barefoot woods last week.

Mr. Fred Beckley has gone to Juniata College.

ROUND KNOB

Chester Dixon has moved in his new house which he recently built and Charlie Stambaugh moved into the house which Chester vacated.

Annie Heck who has been employed at Huntingdon Book Factory has returned home again.

Wade H. Figard and son Clarence visited at the home of Lewis Heck on Sunday.

Wade H. Figard was in Bedford on Friday attending to legal business.

Chalmer Heck fell and broke his leg Friday while at school, playing with the scholars. Dr. Davis attended the boy.

Two airplanes passed over Broad Top Saturday. They created great excitement.

The farmers are all cutting corn, seeding and digging potatoes.

Mrs. Edward Chamberlain and daughters, Jeanette, Virginia, and America and son Marshall, Thelma Foster, Allene Hetrick, Mrs. Theophilus Picard, Herman Wright, Matthew Barkley and son and Ernest Moore visited friends at Round Knob last Sunday.

Minersville held a Goose Roast at Aike Gowart's on Sunday. Lewis Heck, A. L. Figard and son John were in attendance.

BEDFORD Rl. 5

Miss Arra Hershberger motored to Jeanette on Sunday.

Mrs. Margery Hammond of Altoona was the guest of Mrs. E. B. Smith on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hartman and Miss Bessie James of Bedford were guests on Sunday at J. C. Roberts.

Mrs. Frank Imbler is greatly afflicted with an attack of sciatica rheumatism and boils.

George W. Miller moved on Monday to Reynoldsdale where he will make his home with his daughter, Mrs. Lee Claycomb.

Dr. L. M. Phillips and family were guests on Sunday of their father W. W. Phillips.

Mrs. John Fetter left on Sunday for a trip to Windber and Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Deibaugh have moved from Bedford to their home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Gates and three children of Windber were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Barkley Barefoot several days last week.

Emanuel Hiesel is spending some time in Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Dibert of Yont's Station were guests on Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey Smith.

Norman Smith spent Sunday and Monday in Jeanette.

Ross Shaffer of Osterburg accompanied Rev. Middleworth on his circuit on Sunday.

THE WILLOWS

Misses Juna Shearer and Margaret Reighard, Mrs. Frank Shearer and Mrs. S. S. Baker and son Clyde, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Martin Beegle's of Friends Cove.

Miss Vera Hershberger of Cessna is spending a few days with Edwin Hartley's.

Mrs. M. J. Amick visited a few days last week with her sister Mrs. W. H. Rice of Clearville Rt. 2.

Misses Nellie and Anna Heit and friends of Pittsburgh were visiting at the formers home in Snake Spring Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ritchey and son, Levi of Cypher spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Ritchey.

Mr. Ira Amick and daughter Phyllis of Pittsburgh and Mr. John Rice of Clearville Rt. 2 are spending a few days at the formers home of this place.

Miss Dorothy Fickes called at the home of Mr. Elmer Price on Sunday.

Mr. Amos Foreman and family of Bedford visited at the home of Mr. George Shearer.

NEW PARIS

Jack Frost made himself known in this community for the first since last spring on the morning of Sept. 26.

Frank W. Otto and Mr. and Mrs. Shirie of Scottsdale were recent visitors among relatives in our village.

The following Johnstown people were visitors in our town and vicinity over Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Saylor; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Morris; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Stull; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Raab; Bruce Blackburn and family and W. C. Cuppett and family.

Mrs. Eliza Shriner and daughters have sold their farm to Harry C. Mickle. Consideration, \$6000.00.

The town property of Mrs. Margaret Miller deceased, was sold at public sale on Friday for \$1000.00. Purchaser, Blair Gordon.

Notice To Contractors

Sealed proposals for the erection and construction of a reinforced concrete arch bridge over Shoups Creek near Saxton, in Liberty Township, Bedford County, Pa., will be received by the Commissioners of the County of Bedford, State of Pennsylvania, until twelve o'clock noon of the 14th day of October, 1919, and publicly opened at the office of said commissioners at two o'clock of the same day.

Plans, specifications and blank proposals can be obtained at the office of the County Commissioners in the Court House at Bedford, Pa., or at the office of Owen & Plummer, Inc., Engineers, Otto Building, Johnstown, Pa., on the payment of two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) and no refund be made for return of same.

The above said bridge has the following dimensions: Span, sixty feet (60'); rise ten feet (10'); skew ninety degrees (90'); width roadway sixteen feet (16') necessary wing walls and guard railing.

Bids will also be received and opened at the same time and place for reinforced concrete girder bridge over Halter Creek in Bloomfield township, Bedford County, Pa. Plans and specifications are on file in the Commissioners office, Bedford, Pa. Span 20 feet. Abutment clear 5 feet. Roadway 16 feet. Necessary wing wall and guard railing. Proposals for this bridge need not be made on special blank.

Each proposal must contain the full name of the party or parties presenting the same and must be accompanied by a certified check for an amount not less than five per cent. of the contract price on a solvent bank doing business in the state of Pennsylvania, as a guarantee that if the bid is accepted a contract will be executed by the bidder within ten days after the notice of award of contract is given.

All proposals must be made on the blank forms attached to the specifications, as none other will be accepted and they shall be sealed and addressed to the Commissioners of the County of Bedford, Pa., and endorsed on the outside of the envelope containing it. PROPOSAL FOR ERECTION OF COUNTY BRIDGE, and the name and address of the bidder.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, to waive irregularities, and to award the contract as may be deemed to be the best interests of the County.

By order of the Commissioners of the County of Bedford, this 26th day of September, A. D. 1919.

T. C. BRADLEY.

ALBERT LAYTON,

NEVIN DIEHL,

Commissioners of the County of Bedford.

Attest: JOHN N. MINNICH,

County Solicitor.

George R. Shuck, Clerk

HELIKVILLE

The farmers of our community are busy cutting corn and threshing buckwheat.

Preaching service was rendered in the United Brethren church last Sunday by the Rev. Winwood. It was his first sermon at this place since he returned from conference.

Quite a few of the people in our vicinity are going to attend the "County Fair" this week.

The Helixville boys were defeated in a game of Baseball last Saturday by the combined teams of Schellsburg and Fyan. Never the less our boys are not in the least discouraged, they are ready for another game as soon as Fyan can put up a game with their own players without the aid of Schellsburg.

M.

Grace Reformed Church

Mann's Choice, Pa.

There will be services in the Grace Reformed Church, Mann's Choice, Sunday, October 5, at 10:30 A. M. by Rev. D. N. Dittmar.

WILSON'S WORDS

"CLEAR UP DOUBT"

CALIFORNIA THROWS OVER ITS LEADER, JOHNSON, AND RALLIES TO LEAGUE.

WEST GIVES HIM OVATION

All Doubtful Features of Pact Are Explained Away By President, and Former Doubters Hasten to Give Him Their Support.

(By Independent News Bureau, formerly Mt. Clemens News Bureau.)

Aboard President Wilson's Special Train—A continuous ovation along the Pacific coast and then on his eastward way back toward the capital was given to President Wilson as he came toward the end of his month daylong speaking tour in behalf of the League of Nations. California, particularly the delightful city of Los Angeles, went wild in its enthusiasm for him and his advocacy of the League, and it was in that state, perhaps, that he did his most successful missionary work.

Hiram Johnson, California's former governor, now her United States senator, and considered by her as the most likely Republican candidate for the presidency in 1920, had before the arrival of President Wilson, convinced a great number of citizens that the League as at present formulated was not a good thing. He had told them that the United States, because of it, would be drawn into every petty European quarrel; he argued that we would lose our sovereignty by joining with the European nations. He had blamed the president for assenting to the possession by Japan of the Peninsula of Shan Tung in China.

BUREAU CHANGES NAME

The Mount Clemens News Bureau, which has been furnishing reports on President Wilson's tour in behalf of the League of Nations to 5,500 papers, has adopted a new name and will hereafter be known as The Independent News Bureau.

But Mr. Wilson, with clear logic and with compelling eloquence, answered to the entire satisfaction of California's people every objection which Senator Johnson had made to the League. And thousands of the state's citizens deserted the Johnson standard immediately and rallied to the support of the president. More than that, they came forward and said, "We were against you, Mr. President, but you have cleared everything up and now we are with you heart and soul." Still more than that, they let Senator Johnson know that they were no longer with him and that they disapproved of the speaking tour which he himself was making in opposition to the League and so powerful was the volume of public opinion which reached him, that the senator almost immediately abandoned his tour. The Shan Tung question, because of the anti-Japanese feeling which undoubtedly exists along the Pacific coast was the most serious which the president had to answer. He explained to the people that he had been powerless to prevent the rich peninsula from being given to Japan. England and France, through a secret treaty, had promised it to Japan for entering the war and remaining in it. That treaty had to be carried out. Anyway it was not China that was losing Shan Tung, but Germany, which had seized the territory from China in 1898 and held it ever since. Japan had promised, the president explained, to return Shan Tung as soon as the peace treaty was ratified and it was only through the ratification of the treaty with the League of Nations inclusion, that China could ever expect to get her former property back. And she surely would get it back, he declared, through the ratification of the League. Therefore, through the same instrumentality no other nation could again prey upon the "Great, patient, diligent, but helpless kingdom." As to our being drawn into any European conflict. The president pointed out that no direct action such as the sending of troops to any part of the world to maintain or restore order could be taken by the Council of the League without a unanimous vote of the council members, therefore our vote could at once negative any such proposition as sending our soldiers where we did not want them sent. Besides, Mr. Wilson argued, "If you have to quench a fire in California you don't send for the fire department of Utah." But, he argued, there probably never will be another war, if the League is established, for the members promise either to arbitrate their difference and accept the decision of the arbitrator, lay the differences for discussion and publication before the Council of the League for a period of six months, and then, if possible, accept the council's advice. That failing, they agree to refrain from war for a further period of three months and nine months of "cooling off," the president contended, would prevent any armed conflict. These clear explanations satisfied every reasonable hearer and destroyed the "Bugaboos" which Senator Johnson and others had raised against the League. Through rugged Nevada into Utah, the land of Mormons, the president swept to find that those fine people were heartily with him for the League and a permanent peace.

Men Of Moderate Means

and women, too, need Checking Accounts quite as much perhaps even more—than do those of larger interests.

They can not afford to run the risk incurred through keeping money in a pocketbook or safe—or to pay a bill

twice, for want of a receipt.

A Checking Account here guarantees protection for funds—and furnishes a valid receipt for every disbursement.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
BEDFORD, PA.

No. 10,665.

Report of the Condition

OF THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
at Schellburg, in the State of Pennsylvania,
at the close of business, September, 12, 1919

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$2,513.00
Foreign Bills of Exchange or Drafts sold with indorsement of this bank	\$2,513.00
U. S. Government securities owned:	
Deposited to secure circulation (par value)	25,000.00
Owned and unpledged	15,800.00
Total U. S. Government securities	40,800.00
Other bonds, securities etc.	
Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned and unpledged	62,321.94
Total bonds, securities etc.	62,321.94
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	800.00
Furniture and fixtures	1,785.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	6,265.07
Cash in vault and not amounts due from national banks	5,126.13
Total of Items	171,181.14
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	120.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	1,250.00
Total	171,181.14
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	25,000.00
Surplus Fund	2,000.00
Undivided profits	1,463.74
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,164.45
Circulating notes outstanding	25,000.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	592.02
Total of Items	592.02
Demand deposits subject to check	26,713.51
Dividends unpaid	6.00
Total demand deposits subject to Reserve	26,719.51
Time deposits:	
Certificates of deposit	19,411.59
Other time deposits	72,168.73
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve	91,580.32
Total	171,181.14
State of Pennsylvania, County of Bedford, ss:	
I, W. C. Keyser, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
Witness my hand and the seal of this bank, this 12th day of September, 1919.	
My commission expires first Monday in January, 1922.	
(Correct—Attest:	
JOHN ROCK	
W. C. COLVIN	
T. SHELDON TAYLOR	
Directors	

PUBLIC SALE

On Monday, October 20th at one o'clock, standard time, T. L. Perri of Chaneyville will offer for sale all of his household goods, hay, oats, straw, Fairbanks scales, buggy, fruit jars, in fact everything because he is selling out to go to the wild and woolly west. All sums of three dollars or less must be cash, over three dollars a credit of twelve months will be given.

PUBLIC SALE

On Saturday October 11th at one o'clock sharp Ellsworth Martz will offer for sale on his residence, one mile north of Cooks Mills, Londonberry Township, the following personal property: Gray mare six years old, sorrel mare 12 years old, sorrel colt, two horse wagon, bob sleds, plows, road cart, Harrows McCormick mower, ten tons hay, one hundred bushels grain. Terms made known. R. C. CAMPBELL, Auctioneer.

NEGROES LYNCHED

Two negroes, Miles Phifer and Robert Crosky, the latter a discharged soldier, were taken from the county officials about five miles from Montgomery Alabama on Monday and shot to death by a mob of about twenty-five masked men. Both negroes were charged with having assaulted white women.

The two negroes were being taken to the state prison at Wetumka for safe keeping, when the mob held up the automobile carrying them. The mob forced the county officials to surrender their arms, led the negroes into a wood and opened fire on them with shot guns and pistols.

Friends Cove Reformed Charge

Walter C. Pugh, Pastor.

Sunday October 5th Rally Day services at Trinity 10:30 A. M. and at Zion 8:00 P. M.

Sunday School at Cove and Zion 9:30 A. M. Catechetical Class at Cove Church Saturday afternoon at 2:30 P. M.

SALEMVILLE

Mr. Roy Kagarise was the victim of a surprise party sprung on him on Sunday the day he became twenty-one years of age. A fine feast was spread and all enjoyed the day immensely.

The Seventh Day Baptists church will hold their annual love feast on Sabbath day October 4.

Mrs. Ella Resner and three children who have spent several weeks with relatives here, started for Michigan on Monday to join the rest of the family who had gone there to locate some time ago. The family formerly lived at Waynesboro, Pa.

Mr. J. C. Boyd was off duty several days on account of sickness.

PLEASTONVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Blackburn and Misses Anna and Rebe Blackburn of Fishertown spent Sunday at Dr. Shimmers.

Mrs. Robert Cramer and two children, Louise and Robert Jr. and Mrs. William Gearhart, all of Altoona who spent a few days with their mother Mrs. Mark Miller, returned home on Sunday.

Mrs. Emory Hess of Broad Top, who spent a week with her daughter Mrs. Harry Gaudis has returned home.